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NAVAL GUNS BOMBARD REDS ABOVE POHANG

S. Korean counter-attack checks Communist drive "LAST GASP" OFFENSIVE

On The Pohang Front, August 28.
An American naval task force rained shells on the North Koreans three miles above Pohang tonight to check the Red drive on the East coast port city.
Two cruisers and four destroyers off shore in the Japan Sea turned their guns on enemy forces trying to drive down and recapture the city they lost to a South Korean counter-attack eight days ago.
Shells from five, six and eight inch guns streaked across the sky and their bursts mingled with the occasional streak of machine-gun tracer fire from machine-guns fired by frontline infantry.

Fighting along the mountain ridge North and North West of the city generally had subsided at nightfall but South Korean artillery and American batteries supporting the South Korean ground forces kept up sporadic fire into and behind the enemy lines.

Just before dark American fighter pilots reported a "fairly large" movement of North Korean troops and equipment near Huihwa, five miles North of Pohang on the coast.

Red artillery has not yet brought Pohang under attack although the front line at some places is only two and a half miles away. Spotter planes reported enemy shells were falling into the sea just North of Pohang in the port area.

The South Korean Capital Division counter-attacked Northwards toward Kigye this afternoon with other South Korean forces held their ground two to three miles North of Pohang.

The North Koreans had advanced to within 3,000 yards of the East coast port city and by nightfall infantry and artillery duels were raging along the defence area extending across the rugged hills from four miles West of Pohang to the Japan Sea two and a half miles North of the city.

The South Korean forces cleaned up small groups of machine-gun and mortar firing raiders who for a short time laid down a curtain of fire across the main Tegu-Pohang road. West of the port today.

American officers said there were indications that the Reds have thrown elements of five divisions into the attack on the North East corner of the United Nations beachhead. But they emphasized that the attacking force probably did not exceed 25,000 men.

Lost ground regained

This morning an enemy force estimated at regimental strength drove a two and a half miles deep wedge into the South Korean Third Division line about four miles West of Pohang but before nightfall South Korean troops had regained almost all lost ground.

The Capital Division attack against the Reds South of Kigye was designed to protect the East-West road just behind the Allied front line.

There was speculation that the Red push through Kigye during the past three days was designed to gain time during

The weather

At 0900 GMT (8 p.m. HKST) the trough extends from the Gulf of Tonkin along the coast of China and the Philippines. The "Toku" area, "Pressure" are relatively high over China and in a ridge from the Pacific anti-cyclone 115 to the Philippines.

Today's Forecast—Light NW winds. Weather cloudy and showers but improving temporarily during the day.
Yesterday's Weather—
Maximum 87.0 deg. F.
Minimum 73.0 deg. F.
Rainfall 0.5 inch.
Rainfall 24 hrs. 0.23 inch. (Total since Jan. 1—107.75 inches.) (No. of rainfall days 108.7) (No. of days with an average of 0.01 inch or more 82.70 days.)

At 0900 GMT (8 p.m. HKST) the trough extends from the Gulf of Tonkin along the coast of China and the Philippines. The "Toku" area, "Pressure" are relatively high over China and in a ridge from the Pacific anti-cyclone 115 to the Philippines.

SCAP message withdrawn on Truman's order

Washington, August 28.
General Douglas MacArthur was forced to withdraw his statement on Formosa, on direct orders from President Truman, the White House said today.

The White House issued this statement: "In order to avoid confusion as to the United States position with respect to Formosa, the President directed that the statement prepared by General MacArthur on this subject be withdrawn."

At the same time, Mr. Truman wrote to Mr. Warren R. Austin, the United States representative at the United Nations Security Council, stating this country's policy on Formosa—United Press. (See page 8)

which they could build strong defence lines along the hills North of the town while concentrating their main effort against Pohang.

There were unconfirmed reports that the North Koreans were already building defence lines including pillboxes on a 2,500-foot high ridge six miles North of Kigye.

The South Koreans captured 20 prisoners South of Kigye today and all claimed they had only two or three weeks' training after they were recruited in North Korea.

"Last gasp"

Lieutenant General Walton Walker, commander of the United Nations ground forces in Korea, said the Communists were making their "last gasp" in Korea. In a statement to the South Korean Army, General Walker said the enemy was "over-extended". He urged the South Koreans to hold their ground for the coming counter-offensive.

Except for the sector to the North East of Tegu, where they made small gains, the North Koreans were being pushed back on all fronts. The Reds suffered their biggest upset on the East coast where, after two days of spectacular gains, they ran into an unbending South Korean defence line only three miles from Pohang. They also failed to make headway in the South where a heavy American air attack yesterday may have upset their timetable for an expected big offensive on the approaches to Pusan.

Along the Nakdong River front, United States troops smashed three Red patrols attempting to cross to the East bank and at their only bridgehead across the river near Hyeonpu the Communists were being encircled by American troops and battered by U.S. artillery.

In addition, the Air Force hit hard at North Korean industrial targets and strikes by carrier-based planes smashed Communist ships.

B-29 raids
General MacArthur's Korean release issued at 11:25 p.m. GMT today stated:
"4. North Korean iron and steel industrial source was hit heavily today by U.S. Air Force B-29's. Six hundred 1,000-pound high explosive bombs were dropped on a

major plant at Songjin, an important industrial city located about 100 miles North of the 38th Parallel on the East coast of Korea.

"Yesterday's attack by B-29's was on the big iron and steel plant at Kyomito, 10 miles West of Pyongyang. The B-29's operated in clear weather flying across the huge plant in formation with the bombs dropped accurately in perfect pattern. No flak was countered and no enemy fighter planes were seen.

"Fighters and light bombers today provided no let-up to incessant strafing, rocketing and bombing of Communist concentrations and their supply lines. "Round the clock B-29 invader bombers operated in the Pyongyang area and severely crippled the North Korean transportation system.

"F-4 jets and F-51 Mustangs flew behind the battle lines from dawn to well past dark. Some of the fighters ranged above the 38th Parallel against specific communications targets.

"The steel plant hit today was one of the most modern in North Korea. It measured almost two miles long and 2,000 feet wide with production running principally to high quality steel, rebar and manganese. Its modern facilities included 10 blast and electrolytic furnaces, a modern steel rolling mill and a large electrical transformer yard. The Japanese operated it during the last war.

"The Far East Air Force Command directed other B-29's against enemy communications lines between the battle area and Communist sources of supplies. More than 140 tons of general purpose bombs were dropped on rail lines, switching yards and bridges. Returning crews reported good results on all B-29 strikes.

"Colonel Richard H. Carmichael, of Austin, Texas, observed strikes made on the Songjin steel plant. He said, 'Our bombs hit in the middle of the shops and main buildings, causing a tremendous explosion in at least one building. Flames shot up. We could see clearly through smoke was coming from a very wide area around the plant.'—United Press.

CATALINA CRASHES INTO KOWLOON BAY

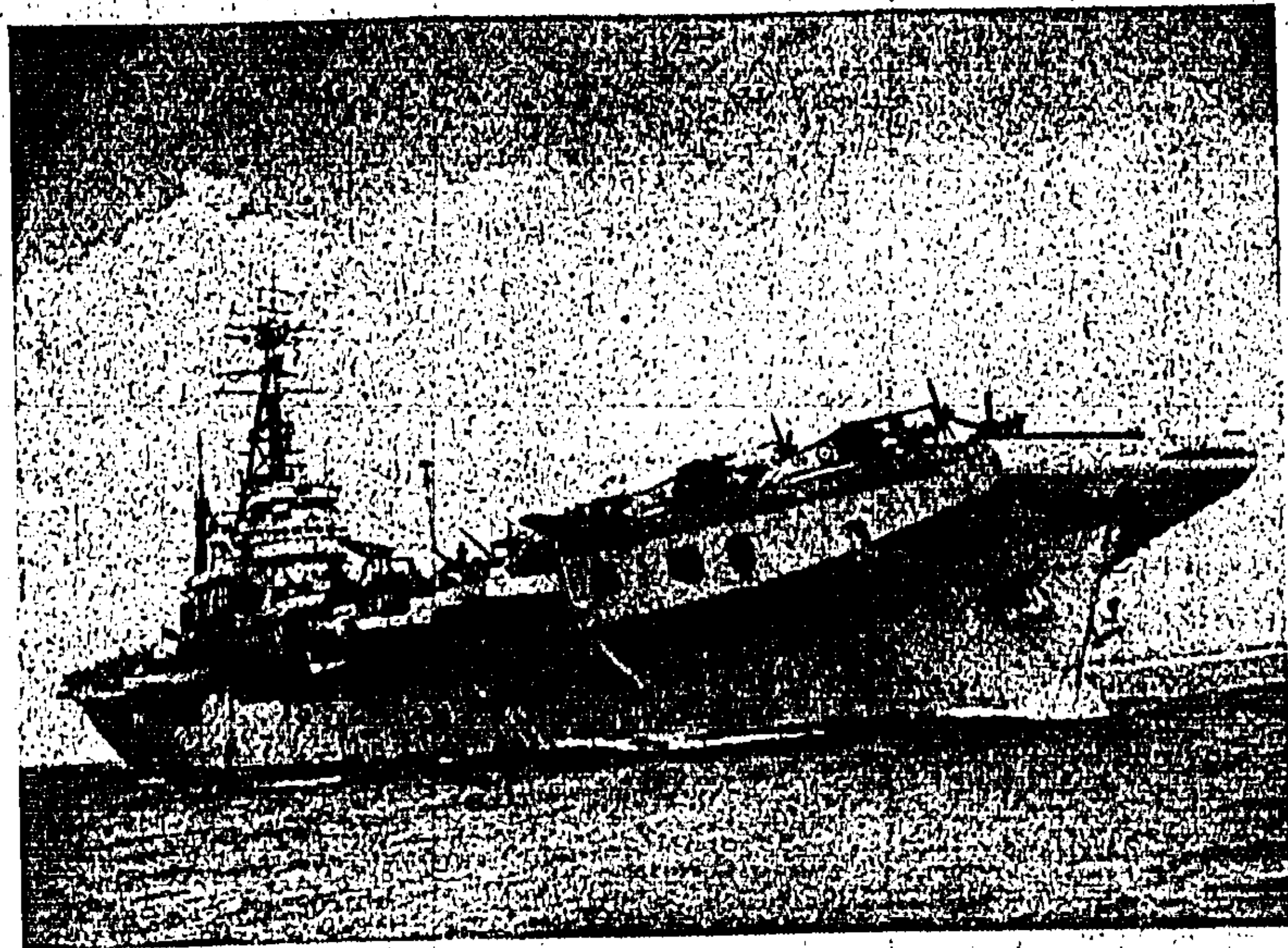
A two-engined Catalina flying boat crashed into Kowloon Bay at 5 p.m. yesterday, the impact tearing off both of the plane's wings. The five members of the plane's crew, who were giving the aircraft a test flight, were injured—some seriously.

The Flight Captain, Mr. Les Murray, is understood to have had one of his legs severely torn in the crash, necessitating amputation. According to eyewitnesses the Catalina was coming in for a routine landing after her second test flight by the Pacific Maintenance Company, when she ditched into Kowloon Bay.

These eyewitnesses said that it was possible that the glaring sunlight on the water prevented the pilot from correctly judging the distance.

Launch to rescue
A Civil Aviation launch which was on patrol in the area immediately rushed to the scene of the crash and pulled the five members of the crew to safety.

Theseus leaves for Korea



The British aircraft carrier Theseus, 13,350 tons, is shown leaving Portsmouth to join British naval forces operating off Korea under the command of General Douglas MacArthur. The 635 feet long warship, which has a speed of 25 knots, was the subject of a court of enquiry after the discovery of severed electrical leads to her gyro-compass—apparently an attempt at sabotage. (AP Photo).

Chinese Reds cross into Korea, Formosa claims

Taipei, August 28.
A Nationalist Government spokesman today claimed to have received intelligence reports that four Chinese Communist armies equipped by the Russians have entered Korea to join the battle against the United Nations forces. The statement said they crossed the Yalu River into Korea last month.

It did not say whether they had already gone into action but if true it would be the worst threat thus far to General MacArthur's outnumbered forces in the small Pusan and Taegu beachhead.

Four armies normally would total 120,000 men which is more than enough to fill the depleted ranks of the battered North Korean divisions. The spokesman's statement was contained in a document released by the National Defence Ministry to substantiate Press reports that the Chinese Communists were aiding the North Koreans in their invasion of South Korea.

Other important points in the document were as follows:
1. A force of 27,000 Chinese Communist troops are now concentrated along the Manchurian border and in Korean territory "ready to go into the fight on the side of the North Koreans" as soon as Moscow gives the green light. The force is made up of eight infantry armies, two cavalry armies, and one artillery division.

2. The Chinese Communists have agreed to supply the North Koreans with 200,000 combat troops in Peking last month. The four armies reported to have entered Korea are presumably the first batch of this promised force.
Defence works
3. The Chinese Communists are building defence works of a permanent nature along the Yalu River which divides Manchuria from Korea.

The spokesman said that according to the intelligence report General Lin Piao, Commander-in-Chief of the Communist Fourth Field Army, will personally lead the troops sent to fight against the UN force in Korea. Three of the four armies which entered Korea are identified as the 55th, the 56th and the 57th. The designation of the fourth army is not known. The first three armies were left behind in Manchuria for garrison duties when General Lin Piao's Fourth Field Army moved into China Proper in the last quarter of 1949.

The new reinforcements sent by the Chinese Communists are separate from the estimated 100,000 Koreans of the "Korean Corps" in the Peking regime's Liberation Army who moved into Korea before the invasion started. These men are reported to have formed the backbone of the North Korean forces now battling the Pusan-Taegu beachhead.

The spokesman said the "Korean Corps" totalled 145,000 men. The spokesman said 50,000 men of the "Korean Corps" were transferred back to Korea as early as March, 1948, to prepare for the invasion of South Korea. They were thoroughly indoctrinated by the Chinese Communists. He said the second batch of 50,000 men from the "Korean Corps" was moved back to their homeland around February this year. These men had seen service with the Communist army as far South as Kwangtung.

Red protests
Official Nationalist quarters regard as an absolute certainty the eventual participation of Chinese Communist troops in the Korean war, adds Associated Press.
They regard Chinese Communist charges that American planes attacked Red-held territory in Manchuria as being simply a pretext to justify such participation.
They believe the Chinese Reds will make one charge after another so that when their troops are thrown into the actual struggle, it will be done on the pretext that they are safeguarding their own territory from "aggression".
The Nationalists might well be right, more than once accurately, read the minds of their fellow, but enemy, countrymen.
Nationalist spokesmen had for weeks been reporting the movement of troops from China, but they had no idea what was going on in Korea.

PEKING PROTEST OVER ALLEGED AIR ATTACKS

London, August 28.
Communist China charged today that American and British planes strafed an airfield and railway control yesterday in Chinese territory on the Manchurian side of the Yalu River boundary with North Korea.

The planes violated Manchurian territory five times and made three strafing attacks in which three persons were killed and 21 wounded, the Chinese Communist Premier and Foreign Minister, Mr. Chou En-lai, charged in an official diplomatic protest to the United States Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson.

The protest was broadcast over Radio Peking by the Communist New China News agency and was monitored both in London and in Tokyo.

The protest demanded that the United States punish the armmen and compensate Communist China for the losses. It added that the Chinese Communist Government reserved "all rights of raising further demands".

The broadcast of Mr. Chou's protest was followed by a second broadcast of a note addressed jointly to Mr. Jacob Malik, Russian delegate to the United Nations Security Council for this month, and to the United Nations Secretary General, Mr. Trygve Lie. This note demanded that the United Nations condemn the United States "aggression" in Korea and order the complete withdrawal of "all United States aggressive forces in Korea".

The alleged attacks on Manchuria were made in an area where the Communists were charged by the United States recently with having massed 200,000 men along the frontier.

Observers in Tokyo said it was possible the Chinese Communist might use the alleged attacks as an excuse for throwing the Chinese Communist army into the Korean war.

More HK troops for Korea

An additional contingent of troops from the local garrison will leave Hong Kong for Korea soon, according to unofficial but reliable sources yesterday.

At least 90 men of the 27th Independent Mortar Battery were alerted for Korea several days ago, according to these sources. An anti-tank unit is preparing to take four 47-pound anti-tank guns with them to the Korean battlefield, it was reported.

The men due to leave are reported to have been hand-picked in anti-tank fighting the past. It could not be learned yesterday when the men are due to leave, but it is thought they will go within the week.

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On other pages
Page 2: Murder trial adjournment.
Page 3: Mentions on Korea.
Page 4: Barley on bridge.
Page 5: Limited rearmament for Germany.
Page 6: Vietnam appeal for U.S. arms.
Page 7: Bulgarian threat to Greece.
Page 8: Hydrogen bomb—its atomic flash.
Page 9: Vietnam-British frontier talks.
Page 10: Finance and Commerce.
Page 11: Air shipping agreements.
Page 12: Sports.

British ship spends trying time during call at Okinawa

With their ship's water tanks low and larder almost empty, the crew of the British-registered motor-vessel *Hoteen* had a trying five days late in July—three days at Okinawa and two at sea.

Okinawa is a military port. The *Hoteen* was a commercial ship carrying a commercial cargo. And these two contrasting factors led to her plight. She could not discharge her cargo, nor did she receive any assistance from the American military authorities in the matter of replenishing her drinking water supply or her "Mother Cupboard".

Back in port yesterday, the *Hoteen's* crew were taking a long-needed "breather," and it was from a few of them that the "China Mail" obtained the story.

The *Hoteen* is a 120-ton vessel owned by the China Trading Corporation in Hong Kong and was under charter to the Tai Lee Steamship Company when she left the Colony for Okinawa on July 12 with 40 tons of general cargo. She dropped anchor at Okinawa on July 18, and it was then that the trouble started.

The ship's master, Captain C. Thompson, was informed by the American military authorities that his vessel could not dock at Okinawa because the port was not a commercial one. Motor

launches were then sent to escort the *Hoteen* to a point outside the harbour.

Answer is "no"

Captain Thompson requested that he be allowed to discharge the cargo carried, but the answer was "no."

This state of affairs lasted for three days and by that time the ship's crew were getting both thirsty and hungry.

The *Hoteen* hoisted the "TK" flag, a maritime signal which indicates that a ship's food and water supply is low. But the American authorities at Okinawa probably did not see the signal for the *Hoteen* received no assistance from them.

The crew was then forced by circumstances to go on an austerity diet, water and food being conserved as much as possible. This frugality was more marked during the two days that it took the ship to sail from Okinawa to Keelung where she had part of her original cargo repaired. The *Hoteen* was back in Hong Kong yesterday with the same 40 tons of cargo that she took from the Colony when she steamed out for Okinawa on July 12.

Russia's charge is manifest nonsense

New York, August 27. The "Times" said today that the Russian charge of United States aggression in Formosa is manifest nonsense.

The editorial added: "The United States does not want a foot of territory, Chinese or Formosan, and does not want to fire a shot at a Chinese if it can be avoided."

"Ordering the United States Fleet into the Strait of Formosa was unquestionably an intervention, but such intervention is not an aggression. The purpose of the action was to prevent fighting, not to provoke it."

Discussing the suggestion that the United Nations might explore the future status of Formosa, the "Times" said: "If the United Nations wishes to consider the Formosan case realistically it will have to do so in light of the Chinese situation that has made it an issue. That means continuing to examine the change that has been brought about by the Nationalist government of China."

PI, GREECE SIGN TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP

Manila, August 28. A treaty of friendship between the Philippines and Greece was signed today at the Foreign Office by the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Carlos Romulo and the Greek Consul General, Mr. Lucas Adamson.

The treaty of amity, consular service and establishment between the two countries is the first concluded by the Philippines since Mr. Romulo took over the foreign affairs portfolio. Mr. Adamson took the occasion to deliver to Mr. Romulo the diploma awarded him in connection with the Doctor of Philosophy degree conferred by the Greek State University.—United Press.



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Effects of quake in NE India

New Delhi, August 28. The face of North East India was still changing today in the wake of the devastating earthquake 18 days ago, termed by scientists the world's fifth most severe recorded shock.

Spreading flood waters pushed further over tea gardens in Assam Province where the quake hit hardest. The death toll was in the neighbourhood of 6,000.

Minor shocks continued in the province. Millions prayed in the streets and fields. An estimated 5,000,000 persons were reported homeless. Property damage was at \$200,000,000. Damage to crops, farm buildings and natural resources was expected to push the figure much higher.—Associated Press.

NEW COMET

Valencia City, August 28. A new comet was reported by Valencian astronomer Jose G. Comas-Forgas, who said it was discovered on August 26.

Reminders

Today

HK Rotary Club, luncheon, Road Garden, HK Hotel, 12.30 p.m.
NAAAF Club, Kowloon, Table Tennis Tournament, 8 p.m.
Cheero Services Club, whilst drive, 7.30 p.m.
European YMCA, bridge drive, 8 p.m.
Nine Dragons Services Club, whilst drive (cash prizes), 8 p.m.
Urban Council meeting, GPO bldg, 4.15 p.m.
Peter Tan's one-man photographic exhibition, Photographic Society, of Hong Kong, 217A, Prince's Building, 10 a.m. to 7 p.m.
Talk on "Commies in Chinese Art" by Mrs. Henry Ling, Rediffusion Studio, 3 p.m.
Song School for Choristers, St. John's Cathedral hall, 6.45 p.m.
HK Light Orchestra, rehearsal, 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon

Coming events

TOMORROW
Toe H meeting, 80, Macdonnell Road, 6.30 p.m.
Women's Section, European YMCA, bridge-majong drive, 10 p.m.
Nine Dragons Services Club, dancing class, 6 p.m.; boxing, etc., 7 p.m.; boxing championships, 8 p.m.
Union Jack Club, whilst drive, 7.45 p.m.
NAAAF Club, Kowloon, darts tournament, 8 p.m.; Services Spotlight, 9 p.m.
HK Art Club, monthly exhibition and Christmas Cards, St. John's Cathedral hall, 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. (admission free).

THURSDAY

Kowloon Rotary Club, luncheon, Peninsula Hotel, 12.30 p.m.
IK Art Club, monthly exhibition and Christmas Cards, St. John's Cathedral hall, 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. (admission free).
NAAAF Club, snooker tournament, 7 p.m.; dancing class, 7.30 p.m.
Union Jack Club, tombola, 7.30 p.m.
Nine Dragons Services Club, games competition 7 p.m.
HK Women's International Club, bathing picnic for Forces, leave at 6.30 p.m. and 7 p.m.
Gramophone recital, Dicoesin Boys School, 8.15 p.m.

Menzies on lessons of Korean campaign

Canberra, August 28.

The Australian Prime Minister, Mr. Robert G. Menzies, today appealed to every Australian to regard Korea as his own business. "We never know where danger may present itself. We must be ready, and instantly ready, to defend the things that mean everything to us," he said.

Broadcasting to the people of Australia, Mr. Menzies said this was one of the lessons of the Korean campaign, which

must not be regarded as a remote frontier incident. If the Korean campaign were lost there would be other threats involving serious disruption of the worldwide strategy of the democratic powers and exposing all to increasing dangers.

Reaction in Formosa to SCAP message

Taipei, August 28.

General Douglas MacArthur's message to the Veterans of Foreign Wars on the subject of Formosa gave Nationalist morale here a distinct fillip.

Its cancellation on orders from Washington was a letdown, but much of the original effect still persisted.

Nationalist monitors here yesterday picked up a summary of General MacArthur's message sent by news agencies which stated that it was not for release before 1530 GMT today.

The summary was translated into Chinese and copies were sent to President Chiang Kai-shek and other high officials.

Taipei thus became aware of the contents of the message and rejoiced over it.

With the cancellation of the statement, its publication here today will not take place. Foreign Minister George Yeh and other Nationalist officials relied on the old standby "no comment" when asked for their views on the message.

Unofficial quarters pointed out that the Chinese Communists, like the Nationalists here, monitor foreign news agency messages to Red leaders in Peking must be familiar now with the contents of General MacArthur's message.

Soviet Russian monitors, they say, must also have picked the story up.—Associated Press.

(See Page 8).

Beach personnel, Scouts pass life-saving tests

Beach personnel of the Urban Council and the Kowloon Boy Scouts went for their intermediate and bronze medallion practical life-saving examination at the Lai Chi Kok amusement park last evening.

This was the second Urban Council group being prepared by Chief Inspector O. F. Bower, Hong Kong representative of the Royal Life-saving Society, to ensure public safety at the Colony's beaches.

Sixteen Urban Council personnel and 12 Scouts passed. The Urban Council personnel were:

Inspector Fung Man-kam; Beach Cooile No. 18, Lo Yuk-chung (Repulse Bay); Beach Cooile No. 17, Li Kit (Repulse Bay); Beach Cooile No. 1108, Liu On (Repulse Bay); Beach Cooile No. 1907, Chan Fung-sau (Repulse Bay); Beach Cooile No. 2027 Chan Fook-yau (Repulse Bay); Beach Cooile No. 10, Yip Chun-uk (Shek O); Beach Cooile No. 8, Yung Yau (Shek O); Beach Cooile No. 20, Ching Mui-sau (Shek O); Beach Cooile No. 045, Chung Ping-shai (Shek O); Beach Cooile No. 1255, Chu Wai-ying (Shek O); Beach Cooile No. 10, Chiu Yiu (South Beach); Beach Cooile No. 5, Ching Kwai (Stanley); Beach Cooile No. 1038, Chan Yau-kai (Stanley); Beach Cooile No. 2320, Yau Chi-kung (Middle Beach); Beach Cooile No. 192, Lau Ying-tang (Deep Water Bay).

Chinese Reds cross into Korea, Formosa claims

(Continued from page 1)

On Friday the United States Army announced that Chinese Communists had been massed on the Manchurian-Korean border.

In Taipei, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's military spokesmen said news from the past week that the Defense Ministry would publish full details as soon as final confirmation was received.

Up to midnight last night, this spokesman, Lieutenant-General Chang, said, he had no confirmation of rumours that Chinese Communist troops had crossed the border of Manchuria into Korea.

However, the Defense Ministry issued a formal release through the office of the government spokesman, saying that the Chinese Communist forces had crossed the border into Korea and were now in the process of advancing.

War footing

"It is no proposal of mine that Australia be put on a total war footing in anticipation," Mr. Menzies continued. "We would like the Communists to know that we mean a diversion of manpower and material and a reduction of civil production."

"Unemployment would be rapidly checked. Production would be stepped up to a level far beyond what we have to give ourselves for three great tasks at one and the same time," he added.

Australia must accommodate a rapidly growing population, build up higher living standards and get on with the national development of the first task.

The second task was to wage a much more successful battle for production of goods and services than we have at present.

The third was to increase military production, to strengthen the defence forces, both on land and in the air, and to make ourselves at all times fully prepared to play our part in the defence of humanity and of ourselves.

KMT EXPULSION FROM TWO UN AGENCIES ASKED

London, August 28.

Communists' China last night demanded the expulsion of Nationalist Chinese representatives from two United Nations agencies.

The Peking radio said that the Foreign Minister, Mr. Chou En-lai, had asked the UN Secretary General, Mr. Trygve Lie, and agency heads to demand that the Nationalist Chinese be expelled from the International Monetary Fund and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

Mr. Chou said the Chinese Nationalist Government, based in Taipei, had been expelled from the UN agencies in 1949.

Sixty-three die from tuberculosis

Sixty-three deaths from tuberculosis, five from an epidemic fever and three from measles occurred in the week ended August 18, according to the Health Return released yesterday.

Of the deaths from all causes in the period under review, 367 were against 1,171 births.

Uranium deposit in N. Wales

London, August 27.

A uranium deposit of perhaps 1,000,000 tons has been found by prospectors in Northern Wales, the government announced today.

The Ministry of Supply explained cautiously that the uranium ore is of extremely low grade and hinted that it might not be feasible to exploit the deposit.

It is, however, the largest single deposit of uranium that has been found in the British Isles. The ore is in no way inferior to that being worked by the Russians in Eastern Germany, said an official of the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, which announced the discovery.

Uranium is an important source of atomic energy. The statement issued by the Department said: "Relatively high radio activity has been discovered in the Dolgellau black band shales of North Wales, which possibly a million tons of uranium is present in sub-magmatic grade rocks carrying 80 grams per ton."—Associated Press.

Precarious HK

On top of these, Hong Kong occupied a precarious position on the coast of China, now dominated by the Communists. Formosa, publicly threatened by the Chinese authorities, had been made the subject of a defensive declaration by the United States.

There were other parts of the world, including Tibet and Persia, about which similar remarks could be made. "This is not a pretty picture," Mr. Menzies said.

"It gives rise to a series of considerations, both political and military, some of which are not too far from a completely candid discussion."

Mr. Menzies said aggressive international Communism worked to a set plan and that plan was undoubtedly to weaken the democratic world by creating chaos and disorder, by disrupting the free world's economic and political structure, and by creating conditions in which the Communist doctrine might survive.

"We are not today confronting a purely political danger such as that created by a Kaiser or the territorial ambitions of a Hitler. We are confronting a danger of such diabolical subtlety, containing in itself, not merely material but spiritual and mental aggression, as the world has not seen before," he declared.

Russian equipment in Korea

Washington, August 27.

A United States Army spokesman said today that questioning of North Korean prisoners, in the presence of non-American representatives of the United Nations, tended to confirm that Russia had sent fighting equipment to the Korean Communists recently.

At a press briefing the spokesman said: "Interrogation of North Korean prisoners tends to confirm that Soviet Russia has sent equipment to the North Korean Reds after 1948."

In one case a prisoner claimed to have seen, in late June, 1950, the delivery of Russian weapons. He said he saw the Russian seal on boxes. Among the weapons he claimed to have seen were 24 76-millimetre and 12 122-millimetre artillery pieces.

Representatives of the United Nations other than American representatives witnessed the questioning of the above prisoner and stated that he had made his statement without being subjected to threats or being offered any reward.

The Soviet Union has long denied that it had sent the North Koreans any weapons since the evacuation of the territory by Russian troops.—Reuter.



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C.2229	White Horse Inn (Lobby)	Light Opera Co.	Vocal Gems Pt. 1 and 2
C.2613	Prelude in C Sharp Min.	Leader, P. Finch	Polonaise in A Major
C.3012	Coppelia Ballet (Delibes)	Boston Promenade Orch.	Dance of the Automaton
C.3102	Hungarian Rhapsody No. 2	Franco Mautschke (Liszt)	
C.3249	Ave Maria (Schubert-Wilhel)	Boston Prom. Orch.	Alc. from Suite No. 3 in D (Bach)
C.3465	Clair de Lune (Debussy)	Franco Mautschke	Polonaise No. 3 in B Flat

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BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES, PERSONAL \$3 per insertion
of 25 words, 25 cents every additional word per insertion.

Classified Advertisements, accepted up to 5 p.m. for publication
in the following days paper.

Replies for the Following Box Nos. are awaiting collection.

Replies will be forwarded to the Advertiser if requested on
the original form which should bear their names and addresses.

A suitable announcement will be inserted Free of Charge if
Advertisers' requirements are satisfactorily answered.

POSITION VACANT

ROYDEN HOUSE Preparatory
School, Kowloon, requires im-
mediately a Kindergarten teacher,
Froebel-trained preferred. Morn-
ing only. Applications in the first
place should be sent to Mrs. M. M.
Thomas, 52 Robinson Road, Hong
Kong.

WANTED KNOWN

RADIO REPAIRS performed by
trained technicians under foreign
supervision. Modern, accurate
methods—no guesswork. Repairs
include cleaning and checking
chassis. Moderate rates, reliable
work. Our reputation is your
guarantee. Phone 26310, and
we'll do the rest. Colonial
Agencies, Szechol Building, 14
Queen's Road.

CARPETS & RUGS—Genuine
Peking and Tibetan, lovely de-
signs and colourings, various sizes
come and inspect at The China
RUG CO., Kowloon Building, 4th
Floor (Opposite Hong Kong
Hotel) Queen's Road, Central.

LADIES, we have at your service
all specialized operations for
Helene Curless—cool waves,
machineless oil perms, hairdyes &
manicure—ROBE MARIE Beauty
Parlour—Phone 50384—43, Han-
kow Road, Kowloon.

CLASSIFIED

ADVERTISEMENTS

MAY BE BOOKED AT THE
SWINDON BOOK STORE, 25
NATHAN ROAD, TEL. 59327.

RENOMMEE DRESSES have
just received some delightful
Gabardine Casuals (Sizes 14-17)
very reasonably priced. Room 504
Vivian House, Wyndham Street,
Tel. 38643.

PEKING ART RUG CO., 221A
Nathan Rd., Kowloon, sell ex-
clusively carpets and rugs. Please
drop in and have a look.

TO LET

TO LET beautiful furnished two/
three room apartments, all self-
contained, with refrigerator, Cooker,
Water Heater, Servant's Quar-
ters, etc. At the Luna Park Apart-
ment. Also deluxe two-room
apartments at the Cathay Flats
(Causeway Bay). For full particu-
lars please contact the Rental
Office, Luna Park Apartments,
293 King's Road.

FOR SALE

EASTMAN 16 mm. movie mag.
loading camera, Weston Universal
exposure meter Clio Kodak Edit-
ing viewer Model B-16. Shoulder
tripod also Bell Howell 16 mm.
projector Model 57 at with case.
In addition one Robot 35 mm.
camera Texas 12 lens, offered at
half list price Box 610, "Sunday
Horad."

NEWLY arrived: Pianos, Band,
Orchestral, Instruments and
Accessories, including: "Allison",
"Bentley", "Kemble", "Miniature",
"Montington & Weston", "Rogers",
and "Robinson" Pianos, Bases,
Baskings, Cornets, Cellos,
Clarinets, Double Basses, French
Horns, Metronomes, Oboes,
Piccolos, Saxophones, Squashphones,
Drums, Silver Flutes, Trumpets,
Trombones, Tympanies, Violins,
Violas, Zildjian Cymbals,
Marracas, Mutes, Reeds, Pads,
Springs, Strings for all kinds of
instruments. Obtainable at King's
Music Company, 6, Chiu Lung
Street, Tel. 30493.

BRAND NEW 1 H.P. console
model, "ADVANCE" air con-
ditioner, manufactured by the
Corvett Corporation, U.S.A., at
1/2 regular price. Please call 609
Bank of East Asia Building for
demonstration.

CONVENIENT EASY Way to own
a New Pilot Radio—Whether you
need a bedside, midsize, large table
model, or luxury radiogram—we
have a "Pilot" to suit. Terms as
low as only \$20 per month. Call
Appliances, 2nd Floor, 221A
Nathan Road, Kowloon.

FOR SALE

TAMARA MAY 502 Hong Kong
Hotel (air conditioned) and 503
Peninsula Hotel Dresses for all
occasions in stock also. Blouses,
Skirts, Shorts, etc. All reasonably
priced.

CHINA MAIL PICTORIAL (Re-
vised edition) at \$3.00 per copy.
Obtainable at all Leading Book
Stores and "China Mail" Office.

SCRIBBLING PAD—100 pages
at 50 cents each. On sale at
"China Mail" Office, Windsor
House, Tel. 32312.

NOTICE TO MARINERS
NO. 34 (T)
OF 1950

HONG KONG WATERS
VICTORIA HARBOUR
EASTERN APPROACHES
CABLE OPERATIONS

Date:—4th to 16th Septem-
ber, 1950.

Position:—Between Little
Sai Wan (Matong) and Joss
House Bay, Tung Lung Island
(Lam Tong).

Details:—Cable recovery
operations.

Remarks:—Mark buoys may
be laid within this area, from
time to time, during course
of operations.

Every vessel approaching a
vessel employed in laying or
picking up a cable shall pro-
ceed at dead slow speed and
shall take all necessary avoid-
ing action.

Authority:—Marine Depart-
ment, Hong Kong.

J. JOLLY,
Director of Marine.

Marine Office,
Hong Kong, August 26, 1950.

CHINA MAIL
PICTORIAL
OF HONG KONG

Obtainable at
BOOKSTALLS AND
CHINA MAIL OFFICE
Windsor House

The Dairy Farm, Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.
PUBLIC HOLIDAY 30th AUGUST, 1950.
HOURS OF BUSINESS.

BUTCHERY & PROVISIONS DEPARTMENTS

All Branches & Windsor House CLOSED ALL DAY.

DAIRY DEPARTMENT

Lower Albert Road
East Point Branch
Kowloon Branch
Windsor House Annex
Peak Branch
7.30 a.m. to 9.30 a.m.
9.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.

COLD STORAGE DEPARTMENT

East Point
Connaught Road, Central
Canton Road, Kowloon
8.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon.

ICE SALES

East Point
Kensu Street, Kowloon
Lower Albert Road
Peak Branch
Pottinger Street
Nathan Road, Kowloon
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m.

RESTAURANTS & SODA FOUNTAINS USUAL HOURS.

The Dairy Farm, Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.
PURE FOOD SPECIALISTS.

HARRIMAN REALTY CO., LTD.

King's Building (2nd floor) 9 Connaught Rd., Hong Kong.

Real Estate
Brokers and
Valuers
TO LET ON PEAK ROAD
Unfurnished modern apartment, 3 rooms,
2 bathrooms, all conveniences, \$1,000
month inclusive.
Telegrams
"Harriman"
Tel. 31835

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1949.

Arrangements have been made to register photographs and thumbprint all subscribers to Rediffusion (Hong Kong) Ltd., WHO HAVE NOT YET COMMENCED REGISTRATION PROCEDURE, together with the members of their families, reading with them, over the age of 12 years.

All persons eligible for this registration must go to the registration centres according to their monthly receipt. All persons must produce their monthly receipt for August or their last quarterly receipt and each person must have their name, address, age and occupation written on a slip of paper; in the case of Chinese persons, in English and Chinese, in the case of all other persons, in English.

ALL PERSONS ARE WARNED THAT IT IS A SERIOUS OFFENCE TO REGISTER MORE THAN ONCE.

HONG KONG

DEFENCE FORCE HUT, MURRAY PARADE GROUND
MONDAY, 28th AUGUST TUESDAY, 29th AUGUST

Code No.	Time	Code No.	Time
A1/1	9.00 a.m.	C10/1	9.00 a.m.
A1/17	9.30 a.m.	C20/1	9.30 a.m.
B2/1	10.00 a.m.	C25/1	10.00 a.m.
B4/89	10.30 a.m.	C28/1	10.30 a.m.
B4/189	11.00 a.m.	C32/1	11.00 a.m.
B6/41	11.30 a.m.	C36/1	11.30 a.m.
B6/141	12.00 a.m.	C37/1	12.00 a.m.
B7/85	12.30 p.m.	C37/108	12.30 p.m.
B8/41	2.00 p.m.	C38/1	2.00 p.m.
B12/1	2.30 p.m.	C38/111	2.30 p.m.
C1/51	3.00 p.m.	C38/221	3.00 p.m.
C1/151	3.30 p.m.	C40/1	3.30 p.m.
C4/1	4.00 p.m.	D2/1	4.00 p.m.
C8/1	4.30 p.m.	D3/110	4.30 p.m.

THURSDAY, 31st AUGUST FRIDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER

Code No.	Time	Code No.	Time
D3/224	9.00 a.m.	F4/68	9.00 a.m.
D3/338	9.30 a.m.	F5/72	9.30 a.m.
D4/1	10.00 a.m.	F6/73	10.00 a.m.
D4/101	10.30 a.m.	G1/1	10.30 a.m.
D4/201	11.00 a.m.	G3/1	11.00 a.m.
D4/301	11.30 a.m.	G9/1	11.30 a.m.
D4/401	12.00 a.m.	G9/101	12.00 a.m.
D4/501	12.30 p.m.	G9/201	12.30 p.m.
D4/601	2.00 p.m.	G12/1	2.00 p.m.
E1/1	2.30 p.m.	G13/1	2.30 p.m.
E2/46	3.00 p.m.	H1/1	3.00 p.m.
E3/41	3.30 p.m.	H3/1	3.30 p.m.
E3/141	4.00 p.m.	H5/1	4.00 p.m.
F1/1	4.30 p.m.	H5/100	4.30 p.m.

SATURDAY, 2nd SEPTEMBER

Code No.	Time	Code No.	Time
H8/101	9.00 a.m.	H8/200	9.00 a.m.
H8/201	9.30 a.m.	H8/300	9.30 a.m.
H8/301	10.00 a.m.	H8/400	10.00 a.m.
H8/401	10.30 a.m.	H8/500	10.30 a.m.
H8/601	11.00 a.m.	H8/700	11.00 a.m.
H8/701	11.30 a.m.	H8/800	11.30 a.m.
H8/801	12.00 a.m.	H8/900	12.00 a.m.

KOWLOON

KOWLOON RAILWAY STATION
MONDAY, 28th AUGUST TUESDAY, 29th AUGUST

Code No.	Time	Code No.	Time
KAT/1	9.00 a.m.	KB9/1	9.00 a.m.
KAT/81	9.30 a.m.	KC/1	9.30 a.m.
KAT/181	10.00 a.m.	KC/100	10.00 a.m.
KAT/31	10.30 a.m.	KC/201	10.30 a.m.
KAT/131	11.00 a.m.	KC/301	11.00 a.m.
KAT/231	11.30 a.m.	KC/401	11.30 a.m.
KAT/71	12.00 a.m.	KC/500	12.00 a.m.
KAT/149	12.30 p.m.	KC/601	12.30 p.m.
KAT/149	1.00 p.m.	KC/120	1.00 p.m.
KAT/149	1.30 p.m.	KC/238	1.30 p.m.
KAT/149	2.00 p.m.	KC3/1	2.00 p.m.
KAT/149	2.30 p.m.	KC3/100	2.30 p.m.
KAT/149	3.00 p.m.	KC3/201	3.00 p.m.
KAT/149	3.30 p.m.	KC3/301	3.30 p.m.
KAT/149	4.00 p.m.	KC3/401	4.00 p.m.
KAT/149	4.30 p.m.	KC5/1	4.30 p.m.

THURSDAY, 31st AUGUST FRIDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER

Code No.	Time	Code No.	Time
KC5/101	9.00 a.m.	KF3/1	9.00 a.m.
KC6/1	9.30 a.m.	KF8/1	9.30 a.m.
KC7/81	10.00 a.m.	KF9/91	10.00 a.m.
KC7/181	10.30 a.m.	KF10/01	10.30 a.m.
KC7/281	11.00 a.m.	KF10/191	11.00 a.m.
KC8/1	11.30 a.m.	KF11/41	11.30 a.m.
KC14/1	12.00 a.m.	KF11/141	12.00 a.m.
KC16/1	12.30 p.m.	KF12/1	12.30 p.m.
KC21/1	1.00 p.m.	KG2/43	1.00 p.m.
KC21/141	1.30 p.m.	KG3/1	1.30 p.m.
KC21/141	2.00 p.m.	KG3/101	2.00 p.m.
KC21/141	2.30 p.m.	KH2/1	2.30 p.m.
KC21/141	3.00 p.m.	KH4/301	3.00 p.m.
KC21/141	3.30 p.m.	KH4/131	3.30 p.m.
KC21/141	4.00 p.m.	KH5/1	4.00 p.m.
KC21/141	4.30 p.m.	KH7/501	4.30 p.m.

SATURDAY, 2nd SEPTEMBER

Code No.	Time	Code No.	Time
KH8/51	9.00 a.m.	KH11/30	9.00 a.m.
KH10/1	9.30 a.m.	KH13/55	10.00 a.m.
KH11/31	10.00 a.m.	KH12/60	10.30 a.m.
KH14/1	11.00 a.m.	KJ1/61	11.00 a.m.
KH19/51	11.30 a.m.	KJ2/45	11.30 a.m.
KJ1/61	12.00 a.m.	KK2/20	12.00 a.m.
KK2/21	12.30 p.m.	KK5/60	12.30 p.m.

NOTICE

LONDON
MATRICULATION

The London Matriculation
Examination will be held in
Hong Kong in January, 1951.

Entry forms for private
students may be obtained from
the Education Office, Leighton
House, 2nd floor, Leighton
Hill Road, and should be re-
turned on or before Septem-
ber 9th, 1950. Pupils attend-
ing schools in this Colony
should forward their entries
through the Heads of the
Schools.

Students wishing to enter
for London University Ex-
ternal Degree Examinations
are reminded that it is neces-
sary to register as an external
student of the University a
considerable time before the
actual date of the examina-
tion. Further information
may be obtained from the
Education Office.

M. G. O'CONNOR,
Acting
Director of Education.
August 25, 1950.

NOTICE
ROYDEN HOUSE

Coduction: "Dullish" Plan
All nationalities
Ages from 8 to 18 years
Next Term begins
September 4th
Apply to the Principals
MR. M. M. THOMAS
MR. C. C. THOMAS
82 Robinson Road

NOTICE

HONG KONG POLICE

GAME LICENCES 1950/1951

1. Game Licences (fee \$50)
are due for renewal as from
1st September 1950.

2. Holders wishing to re-
new their licence for 1950/51
should so endorse and forward
their 1949/50 Game Licence
by letter post to the Officer-in-
charge, Arms Office, Central
Police Station. No money or
cheques should be enclosed.
No photographs are required.

3. An acknowledgment of
receipt, containing instructions
as to further renewal action
will be sent to the address re-
gistered on the old licence.
This acknowledgment should
be carried by the addressee
when shooting game during
the renewal period together
with his valid Arms Licence.

4. Persons not wishing to
renew their 1949/50 Game
Licences are requested to so
endorse and return their old
licence to the Officer-in-charge,
Arms Office by letter post be-
fore 30th September 1950.

5. Persons found shooting
game with an expired licence
after 30th September 1950 are
liable to prosecution.

COMMISSIONER
OF POLICE

Hong Kong, August 25, 1950.

POLICE NOTICE

Will the person who sent a
letter to the Chief Inspector
of Criminal Section, Central
Police Station, Hong Kong, on
the August 24, 1950, please
communicate with the Officer-
in-charge of Criminal In-
vestigation Department, Central
Police Station, as soon as pos-
sible.

COMMISSIONER
OF POLICE

Hong Kong, August 25, 1950.

POLICE NOTICE

At about 16.40 hours on
Saturday 19th August, 1950,
A Chinese male, after alight-
ing from a tramcar near to
Ming Garden, King's Road,
Bay View, was knocked down
by motor bus No. 4333 which
was proceeding East along
King's Road. The Chinese
male received fatal injuries.

Will any person who wit-
nessed the accident or who
can give useful information
please communicate with Traf-
fic Office, Hong Kong Tel.
39346 or any Police Station.

COMMISSIONER
OF POLICE

Hong Kong, August 25, 1950.

NOTICE

DOLLAR DIRECTORY
(1951 EDITION)

WILL ALL FIRMS, GOVERN-
MENT, CLUBS, SCHOOLS,
ETC., KINDLY REWISE
THEIR COPIES AND
RETURN TO THE NEWS-
PAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.,
WINDSOR HOUSE, WITH-
OUT FURTHER DELAY.

LIBERATION DAY, 1950

WEDNESDAY, 30th AUGUST, 1950

Patrons are advised that
on the above date our

Main Store and Kowloon Branches
will be
CLOSED ALL DAY

Bread & Cakes will be on sale in
the vestibule of

CAFE WISEMAN

which will be
Open as usual until 10.30 p.m.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

WESTERN DISTRICT FERRY
SERVICE TIMETABLE

As from Noon the 1st September, 1950.

Leaving Winger Street	Every	Leaving Shamshuipo
6.50 a.m. - 7.35 a.m.	15 min.	6.50 a.m. - 7.35 a.m.
7.40 a.m. - 8.00 p.m.	15 min.	7.40 a.m. - 8.00 p.m.
8.15 p.m. - 11.00 p.m.	15 min.	8.15 p.m. - 11.00 p.m.

THE HONGKONG & YAMATI FERRY CO., LTD.

Hong Kong 22th August, 1950.

Mysterious Hedy
and her jewels

New York, August 27.
Two detectives said today
that they tried in vain to inter-
view the film actress, Hedy
Lamarr, about the disappear-
ance of US\$250,000 worth of
her jewels from a New York
Hotel.

Detective Rudolph McLaughlin
and Carl Omark said that they
talked to Miss Lamarr by tele-
phone, then travelled about 100
miles to Southampton, New York,
to discuss the jewels' disappear-
ance.

ASTRONOMERS TO
MOVE STATION

New Haven, Connecticut,
August 27.
Johannesburg, South Africa is
to lose to Australia the "Southern
Station" astronomical research
centre maintained there since
1925 by American universities
because the city is growing too
big and too industrialised.
Yale and Columbia universities
today announced their acceptance
of an offer from the Australian
Government to establish a light
observatory on Mount Stromlo,
near Canberra, the national cap-
ital.

In addition to Yale and Colum-
bia, the University of Uppsala,
Sweden, it was stated, had also
accepted the Australian invita-
tion to join the new scientific
venture.—Reuter.

THE HONGKONG
ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
that an INTERIM DIVIDEND
in respect of the year 1950, of
\$1.00 per share, free of tax,
has been declared payable on
and after 15th September 1950.

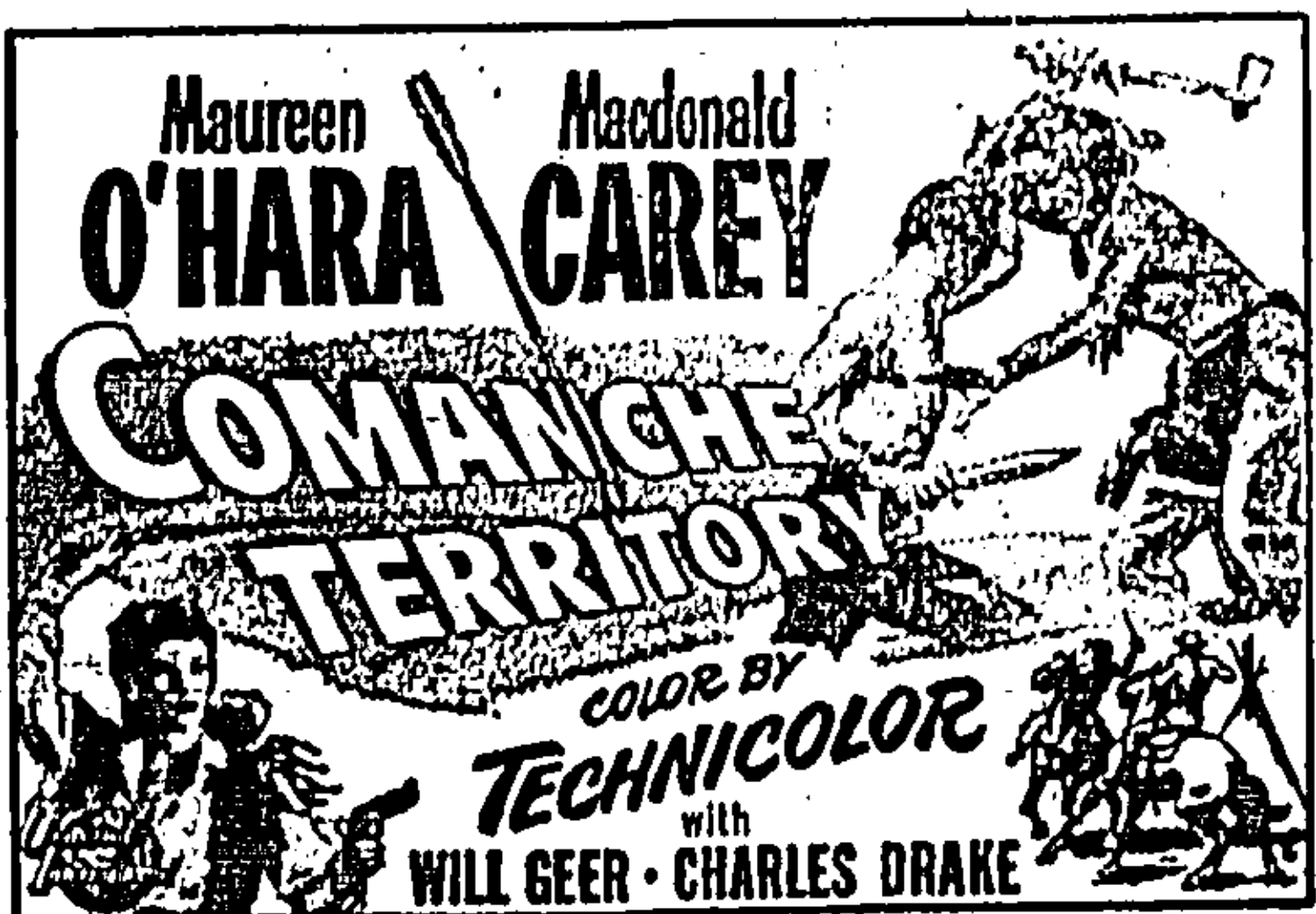
Applications for Dividend
Warrants should be made
either personally or by letter
to the Registered Office of the
Company, P. & O. Building,
4th floor.

The Register of Members of
the Company will be closed
from 1st September 1950 to
14th September 1950, both
days inclusive.

KING'S

AIR-CONDITIONED

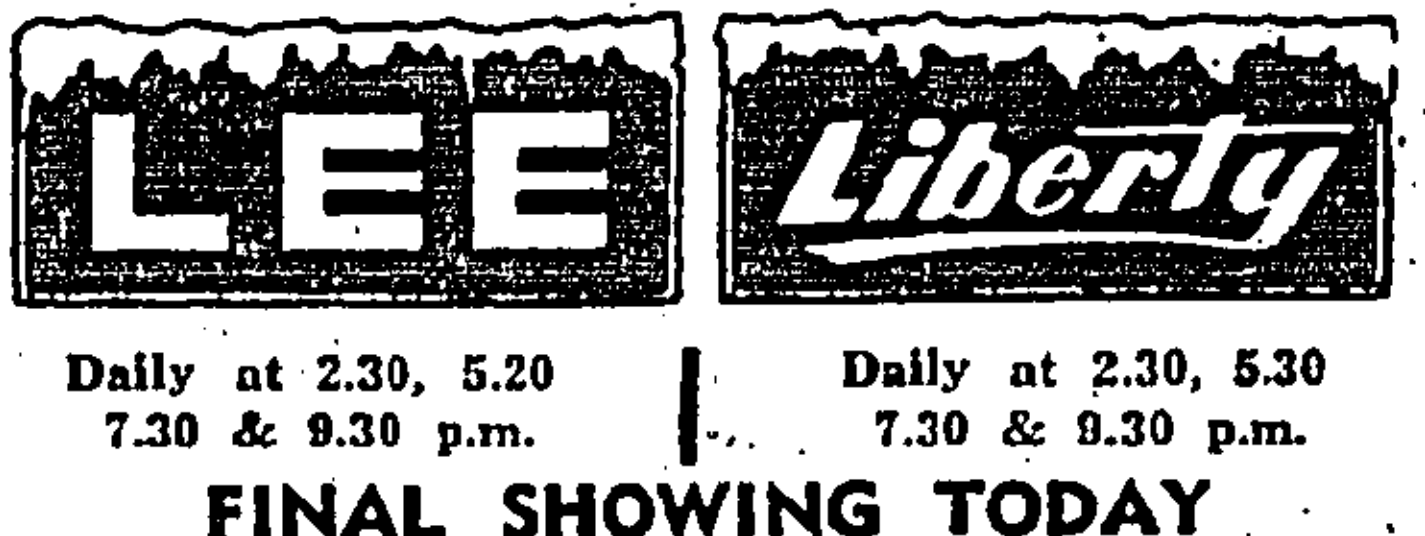
Last Three Shows At 2.30, 5.15 7.20 P.M. Only



ALSO LATEST UNIVERSAL-INTERNATIONAL NEWSREEL

TOMORROW

THUNDERING EPIC OF CONQUEST AND REVENGE ON AN UNTAMED FRONTIER!



Daily at 2.30, 5.20 7.30 & 9.30 p.m. Daily at 2.30, 5.30 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

FINAL SHOWING TODAY



ADDED ATTRACTION AT LEE

LATEST REPORT FROM ENBATTLED KOREA, FILMED UNDER FIRE BY DEPT OF DEFENCE AND PARAMOUNT NEWS CAMERAMAN! B-29 Superforts take off from Okinawa for raids on Key enemy targets—Marine Army Units wipe out Communist Mortar and Machine Gun Crews, etc.



TO-MORROW



UNEASINESS IN SAIGON AS FRENCHMEN WATCH GROWING RED THREAT

Saigon, August 28.

Uneasiness is increasing here as Frenchmen watch the developing Communist threat on Indo-China's frontier with China and the city's street cafe customers over morning aperitifs eagerly scan cautious local headlines on Korea's war.

The big question they are asking is "Can a North Korean pattern attack or an Oriental 'hepped up' campaign send already guerilla-torn Indo-China up in flames?"

Most say reluctantly it is only a matter of time. What they want to know is "When?"

The French authorities, nursing Indo-China's three new French Union associated states of Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos towards a non-Communist brand of independence, have given at least a part answer to the time question.

They have capped a long series of unofficial statements on Communist China's military co-operation with the "enemy within" (Vietnam Insurrectionary Government) by releasing the text of a captured "probable" copy of

a startling military alliance reported to have been signed on June 10. The alliance is reported to pledge Communist China to supply five divisions (about 50,000 men) with supporting air, armor and navy to help the Vietminh forces attack their strongholds near the frontier or the Vietminh begin a counter-attack.

Arms smuggling

Earlier reports said that China was co-operating on a "general plan" of smuggling arms to Vietnam and to be training and equipping 20,000 guerillas in infantry "stock troops" and in the use of American and Russian artillery. Some disguised Chinese soldiers had already joined the Vietminh in Indo-China.

From these reports many Frenchmen in official places have deduced a Moscow-Peking order for a Vietminh general offensive might be expected on Northern Indo-China's French Union-held Tonkin delta "rice-bowl" about November or December, when the "dry" season sets in and the rice crops are ready for harvesting.

The guerillas, contained by the 150,000 French Union forces in the barren Northern mountains, are suffering a food shortage and serious malaria casualties, these sources say.

Most of the guerillas are from the delta country and are feeling the pangs of nostalgia. It is only a matter of time before Vietminh must attack, if only for prestige or propaganda reasons.

The French reported ominous calm along the delta's "front-line" rice-fields, swamps, and jungle-covered foothills is also electrified by unconfirmed reports that the French themselves will try to bite off new pieces of guerilla-held territory when the current "wet" season ends in little more than two months.

U.S. opinion

Other unconfirmed reports say that the United States, now beginning to supply a steady stream of arms, planes and tanks across the Pacific to the French forces, would favour a French offensive and active Commando patrols into the Vietminh-held mountains. In Saigon recently former 1st Marine Division Commander General Graves B. Erskine, deputy leader of a visiting American military mission, told reporters: "There is only one way to beat Communism. That is to get in and beat the hell out of these guerillas."

Some of America's military aid is destined for the Vietnam State Government battalions now being expanded to 12 and even-

tually to 25 to help deal realistically with the situation.

To help France and her associated states in their "arms race" against China and the Vietminh, the United States is reported to have promised all France's initial military aid requests will be supplied by November.

But many independent observers have said that there is no certainty a Vietminh attack will come about then. One American said recently: "If the Communist strategy is as good as I think it is the Vietminh guerillas will just go on arming and watch the United States sap her strength in military aid programmes both in the East and the West."

Others have pointed to a "softer" South-East Asian underbelly on Burma's China frontier. Some military experts think the Vietminh guerillas will be strong enough at least this year for any large-scale offensive on brigade or divisional strength.

Sufficient forces

They think that, though the French strength is spreading out on the delta in one-kilometre apart fortress-like positions to maintain daytime communications and check guerilla activity in their "pacified" zones, they could quickly muster sufficient forces to repulse any localised Vietminh attacks.

It has been characteristic of the Vietminh operations, so far, that they have been of a quality to defeat numerically smaller French units.

To avert a mauling, they explain, the Vietminh guerillas are now adopting "hit and run" tactics, leaving further resistance when they quickly quit a captured French position to local fifth columnists.

And this, they believe, will be precisely the difficulty of the French Union forces if they begin an offensive.

Getting to grips with the guerillas has been the main problem facing both French and British tacticians in Indo-China and Malaya.—Reuter.

BEVIN GOING TO THE U.S.

London, August 27. The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, for the first time since his illness and return to duty seven weeks ago, will go to the United States for important talks before he leads the British delegation to the United Nations Assembly, opening on September 19.

He will take part in British, French and American talks beginning on September 13 and in the Atlantic Pact Council meeting on September 15.

Owing to pressure of work, Mr. Bevin will have to return to England on September 29. The leadership of the British delegation to the United Nations Assembly will then be taken over by Mr. Kenneth Younger, Minister of State.—Reuter.

Divers search hospital ship wreck

San Francisco, August 27.

U.S. Navy divers searched around the submerged hulk of the rammed hospital ship Benevolence today, but reported finding no additional victims or tappings to indicate signs of life aboard the vessel.

At 7.30 p.m. Pacific Coast time the Navy said that the list of known survivors stood at 487 and the death toll at 18, including a navy nurse.

The Navy authorities said that it was a "near miracle" that so few persons died when the hospital ship was rammed in a pea-soup fog by the freighter Mary Luckenbach four miles off the Golden Gate. The Benevolence sank within 30 minutes.

An nightfall drew near the Coast Guard halted a search for possible additional victims but announced that small boats and aircraft will resume operations as soon as visibility permits Sunday morning.—United Press.

REFUGEES FROM VIETMINH

Paris, August 26.

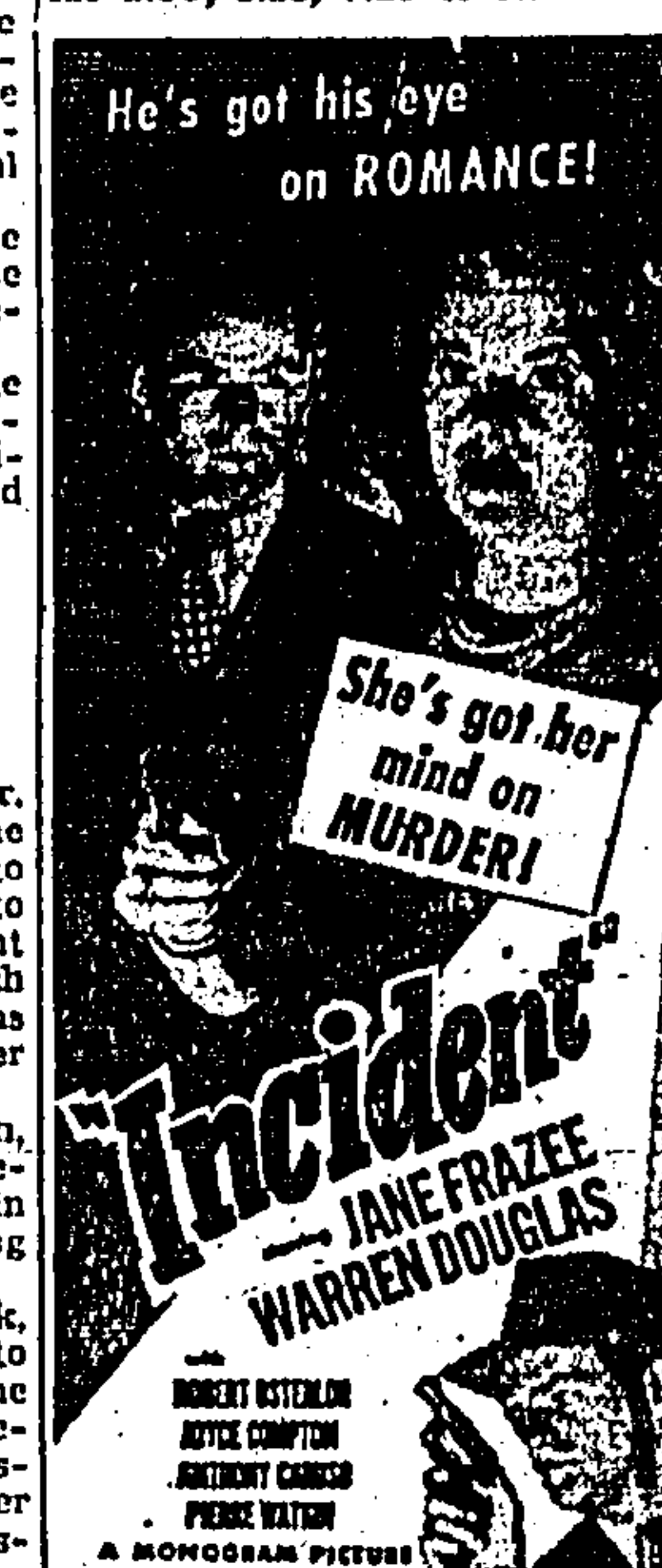
More than 43,000 Vietnamese refugees crossed the lines over to the Vietnam State last month, bringing the total population under the Vietnam Government to 7,000,000, an official Vietnamese Government communique announced today, according to an Agence France Press report.

The total population under the Government totalled only 1,500,000 last year, the communique said. The increase in population was largely due to the latest "pacification operations" in the Red River delta, according to the communique.—Reuter.

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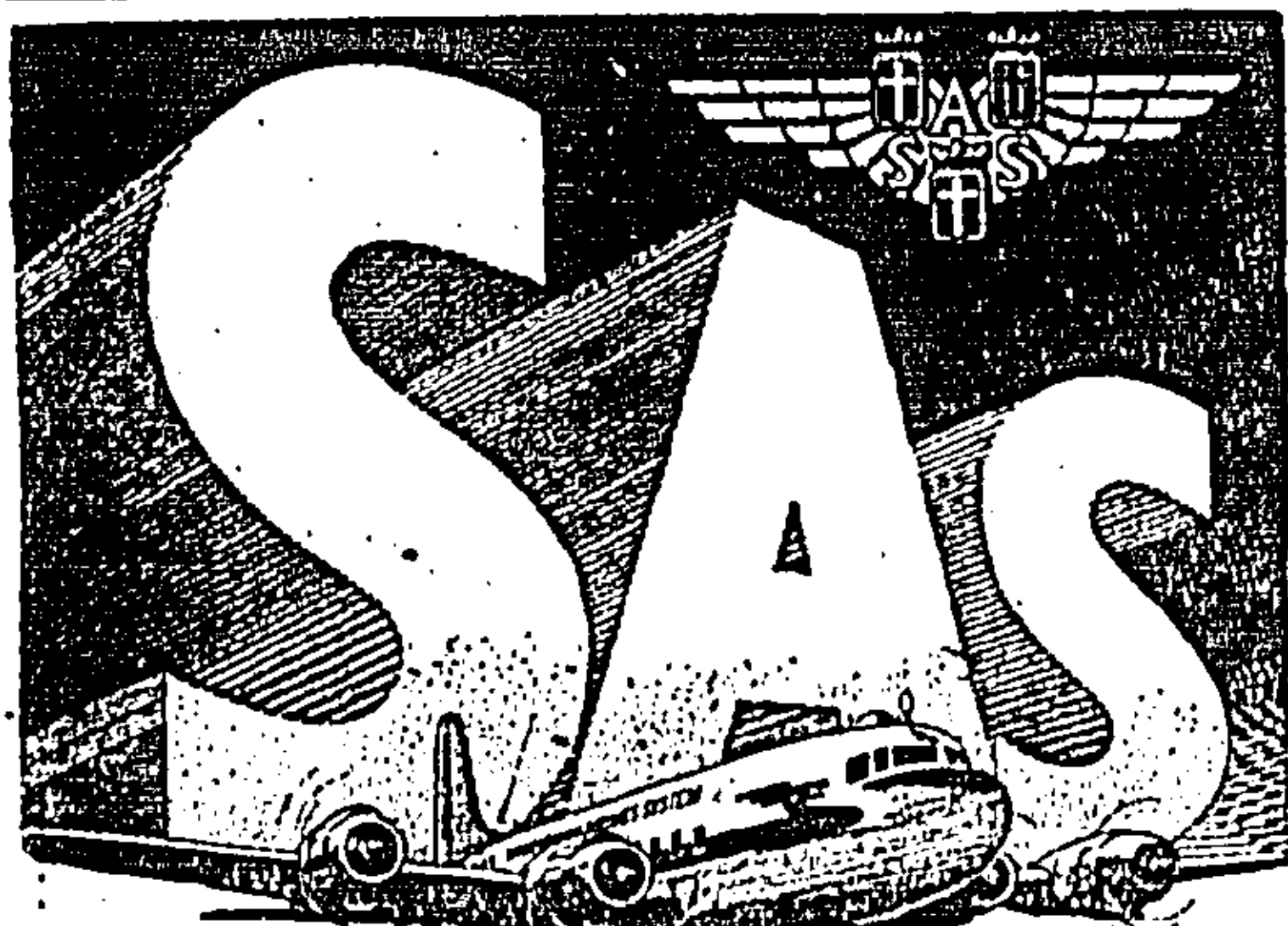
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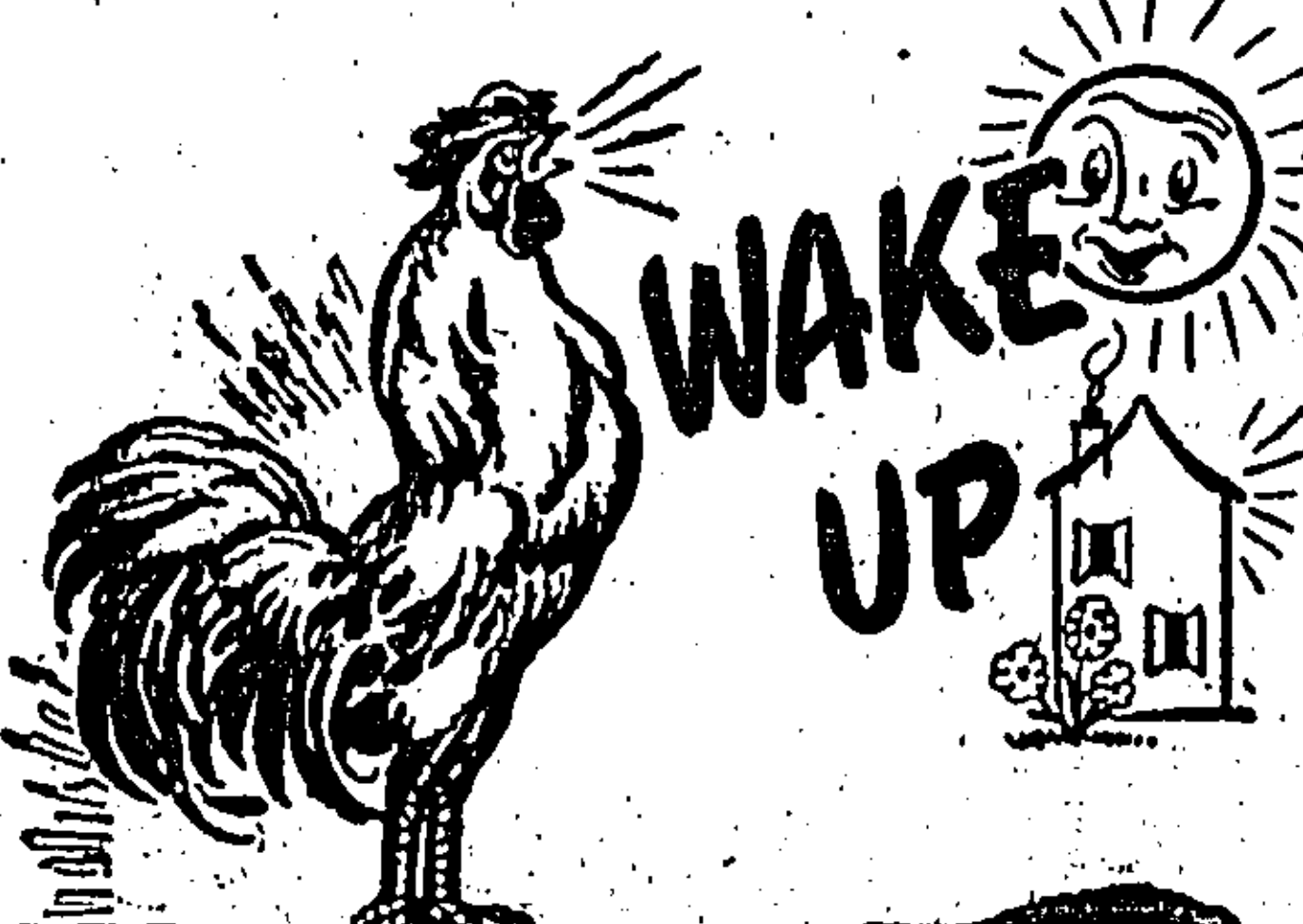
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BIRTH

SNATHI—To June, wife of A. L. Smith, at Queen Mary Hospital on 28th August 1950, a son, Nicholas Peter.

UNO AND FORMOSA

Despatches during the week-end indicated that top-level Anglo-American discussions are going on aimed at finding means of placing Formosa under United Nations trusteeship—presumably as an emergency measure, as was the original action of President Truman in neutralizing the island. The United States has already responded to the Peking Note demanding action by the United Nations to secure the withdrawal of the Seventh Fleet and American armed forces in Formosa—where in fact there are no American combat forces. Mr. Warren Austin at once announced, on behalf of his Government, that America would welcome an investigation on the spot, by the United Nations, of Peking's charges of aggression against "an integral part of Chinese territory."

It can hardly be expected to initiate such a move itself, but will support and assist such a study if the Security Council so wishes. The real problem is to make neutralization effective for the duration of the emergency or unless or until the Peking Government decides to plunge into hostilities on the side of the Kremlin. In that event, which still seems improbable, everything would be changed.

Preparations for the invasion of Formosa were believed to have been almost complete when the North Korean Communists struck. Before Peking could get over the shock, President Truman took action so as to prevent an expansion of the hostilities to Formosa. The dilemma was thus a double one, from Peking's viewpoint. The tone and texture of Peking's submission of the question to the United Nations matter less than the fact that it decided to do so. In Britain it has been greeted as a decision to appeal to law rather than to force. The interpretation may not wholly be divorced from wish-thinking but it may turn out to be the right one in spite of the hostile references to the United States and the sudden spate of activity by the Peking Foreign Office.

The Chinese are pretty clever at saying one thing and doing another, and their circumstances are so difficult that this is just the sort of manoeuvre that is more or less forced on them. At any rate, the People's Government has referred the issue to Lake Success, and the United States has expressed the hope that consideration by the United Nations would contribute to a peaceful, rather than a forcible, solution of the problem.

North Korea, it will be remembered, refused from the first to have any contact with the United Nations Commission, whose mission it was to create a unified Korea based on the expressed will of the people. The aggressors got off on the wrong foot, with fatal consequences. China has avoided that gross error, though even now the going won't be easy. Nevertheless, it is surely not too much to ask Peking to abide by a temporary decision by the

Tax on pigeons

From Gavin Gordon, Brussels.
Belgians can keep pet dogs, cats, birds, and tortoises without interesting the tax collector, but their bicycles must have licences.

This bicycle licence is a "local fund" matter, and the charge may be anything from 4s to 11s 6d, depending on where you live.

Entertainment tax is a local affair as well, and is solemnly levied on illegal entertainments such as cock-fights. There is a tax on racing pigeons, and a four per cent tax on all betting wins. The same imposition applies to roulette tables, with the casino itself paying the tax on table-hours.

One tax that can't be evaded is levied when you are being buried—unless you are buried in the commune where you died. If you cross from one commune to another the local tax-collector is at the hearse-side, and makes a note each time the "frontier" is crossed.

In the Congo there is a marriage tax on all wives after the first, becoming heavier the more wives there are.

One Congo chief tried to pay his tax by submitting his surplus wives, but the tax collector rejected them on the grounds that they were not accepted currency or "goods."

64 in Turkey

From Alec Cooper, Ankara.
The harassed Turkish taxpayer is faced with the possibility of paying 64 direct and indirect taxes, from 28s. a year for a radio licence to 7d. nation defence tax on a packet of cheap cigarettes.

One levy in 1942, known as the varlik or taxation on capital, aimed at the rich, was levied on the basis of 70 million sterling while Turkish enterprise was taxed to the barest minimum. Defaulters were sent to road-building camps in the Eastern provinces.

Today the farmer is one of the worst-hit of the tax-payers. Besides a cattle census tax which he has to pay so that the Government can have the privilege of counting his stock, he must pay a 10 per cent manipulation tax on everything he sells—not to mention the sold which families support tax, from which every family must pay 28s. a month.

In Turkey every resident pays 35s. a year for road maintenance, while the peasant who pays an indirect education tax has not only to build the village school, but also support the teacher sent by the Government.

Indirect taxation of 40 to 70 per cent is levied on sugar, tea,

United Nations, which may quite well lead to an emergency administration of the island by that body, without prejudice to the final settlement.

The main object is to prevent a totally unnecessary conflict between a regime Britain has recognised and the United States. There is little enough that we can do to prevent it if Peking should decide to go all-out with the Kremlin against the free world. But what we can conscientiously do to enable Peking the better to resist pressure from the Kremlin, we should do. The formula Mr. Churchill has just applied to the issue between Moscow and the free world should also be, and is now being, applied to China. The element of strength has been mentioned again by the Commander of the United States Seventh Fleet in his warning to the more bellicose faction in the People's Government. The element of fairness and conciliation has been added by Washington's willingness to let the issue be judged by the United Nations.

The Soviet failed in its attempts to link Chinese representation in the United Nations with the Korean issue. It is now trying desperately to link up Korea and Formosa in order to bring about Chinese intervention. Peking seems to have devised a compromise. It has suddenly proclaimed its concern with a Korean settlement—after maintaining a long official silence on the subject. But it based that concern on the irrefutable contention that it is Korea's neighbour. And at the same time it acted separately on Formosa, by referring it to the United Nations. Action now on the Formosa question in the direction indicated might make matters much easier when the Korean situation enters its final and most delicate stage, without necessarily impeding the speedy handling of that problem.

TAXES AND HOW THEY ARE COLLECTED

Who does not dislike paying taxes? Read how people of other countries fare in respect of this necessary evil.

coffee, and salt, as well as all forms of alcohol. The Government's high luxury tax levies exorbitant amounts on refrigerators, high-powered cars, radios, fancy goods—and dog licences at £7 a year.

Most unpopular

From Ritchie McEwen, Vienna.
In a country constantly overburdened with taxes, the occupation costs tax is by far the most unpopular in Austria. An additional 20 per cent of their income tax aggregate must be paid to help maintain the occupation forces and Control Commissions.

Austria has always been notorious for the petty, nagging taxes and duties which her citizens. In an example of one of these taxes today is the beverage tax, imposed on all drinks except milk and beer. It is a 10 per cent tax, and must be paid on wines, coffee with cream, and even on mineral waters and ice-cream.

Or again—every time an Austrian fills up a Government form or writes to a Government Department he must buy revenue stamps and stick one on each piece of paper. If he forgets to do this his letter will go straight into the waste-paper basket.

The only noticeable virtue of this system is that it discourages

lengthy correspondence with Government Departments. In reverse, if the postman delivers a letter from a Government Department the addressee must pay the postage, plus a collection fee even if the letter is only an income tax form. Nor can he refuse the letter.

Finally, in addition to all these petty taxes, Austria has nearly all the British taxes.

Third party

From Michael Manning, Athens.
Scores of taxes in Greece—ranging from a tax on cinema seats to one on water bills—are classed under the non-committal title of "third party tax."

Through the Greek Ministry of Finance the wealth from these taxes is re-distributed in various ways. The "third party tax" of seven pence on every 2s 6d cinema seat goes to the benefit of retired musicians—men who lost their jobs when taking films were introduced into Greece some 20 years ago.

Among other taxes is that on bicycles—£1 0s 6d a year. The radio licence costs another £3 and a levy is imposed on shops with "foreign inscriptions." Nearly half the shops in Athens have signs such as "Bar

spoke" pencilled discreetly underneath.

This "foreign inscriptions" tax has compelled most shopkeepers to put up their signs in Greek, but the more fashionable restaurants and bars pay the tax to keep their English or French titles, and so attract more customers.

Dogs and bikes

From Dudley Hawkins, Nairobi.
In the great open spaces of Kenya you can ride a bicycle and keep a dog and pay no tax at all.

Once within the boundaries of Nairobi, however, your dog will cost you 5s a year and your bicycle—if you are energetic enough to ride a bicycle 5,000 feet above sea level under the tropical sun—another 4s, paid to the local council.

For the 6s dog licence the owner is given a metal disc, with a registration number which can be tied to the dog's collar. If the dog is lost the disc helps the searcher, whereas a lost dog with no disc is impounded and very likely destroyed.

Bicycle licences are also accompanied by an identity disc—a bright triangular piece of metal which can be fixed to the wheel spokes.

Wireless licences are possibly the most expensive in the Empire—30s to listen to the single low power station of TLO Nairobi.



"The O Times today criticised the speech...."
You know what this is? Times without number.

Soviet inspectors are allowed to enter defence factories in Britain.

The government apparently wants the Left hand to know what the Right hand is doing.

"Kills cause stir on Korean battleground."
There'd have been a bigger stir if the pipe band had played.

Dr. Bunje, said a local report, made "a blatant rejection" of euthanasia.

The blatancy around here is not the mark of the medical profession.

"Roof leaks can be detected in rains."
Yes indeed, but first you got to have a house.

Think of the Earth, think about Venus.
Millions of miles of nothing between us.
People up there who can see Korea.
Must feel darn glad they're not down here!

The U.S. Air Force chief says it would be the Hoyt of stupidity for America to lag behind in technical development.

U.S. reduces the amount of rubber available to civilians.
They will still, however, have plenty of bounce.

The East German president apparently wants to take his Pick of the enemies of the People. He indicated that if he could have laid hands on the West German chancellor, that gentleman would not have Adenauer to live.

Rumour has it that President Truman will shortly present a bill to Congress for the replacing of governmental red tape by green tape for psychological reasons.

"Husband accused of trying to blow up spouse."
Nowadays you find inflation even in the home.

No, Myrtle, I have never heard champagne tasters called students of fizioology.



"Excess me mentioning it, but has this young man been sabotaged?"

Not all say "Da" to Tito

How many enemies has Marshal Tito? More than the Communist Balkan dictator likes to admit.

It is understandable that there is opposition to Tito. His is a complete Communist dictatorship, backed by a ruthless state police force. His people work a 50-hour week, face extreme hardships and lack the simple essentials of life.

But not all the Slavs are saying "Da" (yes) to Marshal Tito. Both inside and outside this turbulent Balkan country underground movements are plotting against the regime.

"Eleven spies have just been arrested by the security police," said an official of the Ministry of the Interior the other day in the Yugoslav capital.

"They were caught with 15 radio transmitters, automatic weapons, cameras, propaganda material, and nearly 2 million dinars (14,000) and 1,000 dollars in cash. These 'terrorists' were smuggled into Yugoslavia, admitted having special 'intelligence' and radio courses for crossing the frontier," he added.

There are five main opposition threats to Tito.

Strongest is the pro-Moscow Cominform group, operating from Prague, Budapest and Bucharest, controlled, of course, from Moscow.

Then there are three strong pro-Western movements (in Croatia, Serbia and Slovenia),

receiving instructions from ex-King Peter's organisations in London, Paris and Rome.

Peasant resistance

The fifth opposition threat to Tito is the dangerous peasant resistance of the Yugoslav peasant, at present unorganised but

amounting to tens of thousands of Tito-baiters.

The frontier city of Trieste is the advanced headquarters of two strong anti-Tito organisations. When the sun sets over the Adriatic, groups of men with documents, arms, ammunition and ample funds set off from their headquarters to cross the Yugoslav frontier, five miles from the city's centre.

Some leave the white-stone pro-Moscow Communist headquarters on the water-front. Here the anti-Tito organisation is ably led by one of Europe's top Communists, Vittoria Vidali.

Then there is the pro-ex-King Peter group, the "Crusaders." This is the most determined and best-run of Yugoslav anti-Tito groups. The chief "Crusader" in Yugoslavia is a former monk known as "uncle."

Already in Bucharest there is a sort of Yugoslav Communist government in exile. Two of the

leaders are former Yugoslav ambassadors in Bucharest and Budapest, Brankov and Golubovic, while another former Tito man, General Popivoda, heads an exile "true" Yugoslav Communist party, supported by Yugoslav officers who were training in Moscow when the Tito-Stalin split occurred. Any of these men might take Tito's job in the event of a successful "putsch."

How dangerous are these movements to Tito? The Cominform, going all out to overthrow Tito, are to be feared most. They find it easy to infiltrate across Yugoslavia's long frontiers with Bulgaria, Rumania and Hungary. Assistance comes easily from large minority groups living in these border areas. If uprisings among these minorities could be engineered, and Cominformist armies crossed the frontiers to assist "oppressed brethren," then many a Stalinist might show themselves.

This is Tito's biggest danger.

The Yugoslav government meanwhile continues to deny reports of opposition to the regime. Yet trials against anti-Tito "traitors" have been frequent. Against "Albanian spies" in Titograd, against "Macedonian traitors" at Skopje, against "Hungarian agents" at Apatin.

If Tito was assassinated, or serious disorders broke out in Yugoslavia, Western plans for a neutral Yugoslavia would be disastrously upset.

Consequently orders have been given to the pro-Western underground movements "to go slow." But young ex-King Peter of Yugoslavia, now in exile, has made it clear in recent statements he does not approve of the West's present policy of the dictator now ruling his country. Inside Yugoslavia, his followers are anxious to strike against Tito.

A thoughtful Slav said to me: "Perhaps the time is not ripe to overthrow Tito. He might be replaced by a harsher ruler, the Russians. We can only hope Tito's association with the Anglo-Americans will make him more democratic."

The threat of underground movements from East and West might force Tito to take a more moderate road.

Siam is ready

By Francis Dodwell

In addition to 15 Spitfire fighters already ordered by the Siamese Government from the United Kingdom, another 30 fighters will also be ordered from there including six Vampire jet machines and other latest type fighter aircraft. This is one of the steps Siam is taking to strengthen her defences.

A supplementary allocation of £16 million (£400,000 sterling at the official rate) is before Parliament now to purchase the 30 fighters of the aircraft ordered from Britain. And the Siamese Defence Minister, Field-Marshal Phibul Songgram, who is also the Premier, has announced the formation of another Army division or two, now under the command of the country where any attack against Siam is certain to develop—from Indo-China.

In addition three B-29 bombers and a number of United States fighter training aircraft will arrive in the country soon.

They will be part of the U.S. \$10,000,000 aid promised Siam in its stand against the Communist menace. The B-29s will be flown there by the United States air crews who will instruct the Siamese pilots in their handling.

U.S. Mission

A United States Military mission is also in Bangkok now on a tour of South-East Asia countries. Siam will seek to obtain more arms aid, especially of equipment for the Army, including tanks and armoured cars, anti-tank weapons, heavy calibre cannon and fighter aircraft. The Siamese High Command, however, has any attack made against the country will be on land and, therefore, it is not considered necessary to strengthen the navy.

Further, Siam can always call on United States and British naval aid in an emergency.

ing for considerable strengthening of the Army and the Air Force.

The decision to purchase Vampire jets from Britain, although made only since the Korean fighting began, has been considered for some time by the Siamese Defence Ministry. In 1949 Squadron Leader Francis, "the fastest man in South-East Asia," enthralled Siamese crowds and deeply impressed Siamese Defence Ministry officials in a display of acrobatics in his Vampire jet fighter, the first jet plane to be seen over Bangkok. The Army then sounded the public on the question of buying some jet planes, but local newspapers ridiculed the idea, claiming there was no need for such fast aircraft. The vernacular journals have now changed their tune, and are in support of such a purchase.

Home Guard

The leading English-language newspaper, "Bangkok Post," urged the Government to emulate the example of Malaya and form a Home Guard. Conscription is continuing in Siam and the Army is being strengthened considerably, but it still lacks modern arms and equipment. It is expected that the recent Cabinet decision to tighten the rules regarding purchase of equipment for the fighting forces will lead to better materials and weapons being secured from abroad.

The Siamese military leaders hope that in their desire to help Indo-China, the United States will not be tardy in supplying much-needed military equipment, specially heavy tanks and anti-tank guns.

The tanks will be used to defend Bangkok, if they are received. Outside Bangkok, the roads are poor and narrow, the muddy fields stretch for miles along both sides. Even in dry weather it would be extremely difficult to drive down to Bangkok from the North East or North. A drive to Siam can easily be slowed down if a few key bridges are blown up across the Chao Phya and the Mekong Rivers.

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LIMITED REARMAMENT OF WEST GERMANY LIKELY, SENATOR SAYS Approval of Britain and France necessary BUFFER AGAINST RUSSIA

Washington, August 27. The chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee, Mr. Millard Tydings, today voiced confidence that the Western Allies would agree soon to limited rearmament of West Germany as a buffer against Russia.

U.S. not to start war, Jespup says

Washington, August 27. A top level U.S. State Department spokesman said tonight that if the United States opened war and knocked out Russia with atomic bombs, the result would be to create many new and terribly difficult problems in the world.

In a head-on attack against the whole idea of preventive war, Ambassador Philip Jessup gave what amounts to a State Department reply to the Navy Secretary, Mr. Francis Matthews' advice that the United States should be willing to start a war if necessary to compel co-operation for peace.

Dr. Jessup, one of the Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson's most trusted advisers, gave the State Department view in a radio interview.

On Saturday, both the State Department and White House disavowed Mr. Matthews' declaration, saying that neither of those agencies had cleared it. A State Department statement in addition declared that what Mr. Matthews said does not represent United States policy and the United States Government does not favour instituting a war of any kind.

Own view

Mr. Matthews said the views were his own. He spoke out on Friday at Boston, urging that the U.S. first not ready to defeat any attack, then declare its determination to pay any price to achieve world peace, even that of opening a war.

Dr. Jessup also reviewed the United States policy toward the island of Formosa, emphasising the fact that President Harry Truman's decision to defend that island or prevent any attack on it was directly connected with the aggression against the Republic of Korea.

He said that despite Communist charges that the United States was guilty of aggression in its Formosan moves, "what we have done about Formosa has been done in the open and has been fully before the United Nations."

"If the command to the Seventh Fleet (to defend the island) had been an act of aggression," Dr. Jessup declared, "we would hardly have reported it immediately to the Security Council."—Associated Press.

Damage to property by flood waters

Lucknow, August 27.

More than 2,300 villages in the United Provinces have been swamped by flood waters of eight rivers flowing through the State.

Damage to property, including crops, was estimated at \$9,000,000. No deaths have been reported so far, but about 600,000 people have been affected by the floods.

The rivers in spate include the Ganges, Rohini, Gomti, Sarayu, Gomti, Gandak and Kalyan. Similar reports of flooding of villages in West Bengal and Bihar State were received today. In the Hooghly district of West Bengal 137 villages have been devastated by the Damodar and Brahmaputra rivers, which have been in spate since August 11.

More than 500 houses were destroyed and damage to crops was considerable. It is estimated that 50 per cent of the standing crops have been totally destroyed. In Bihar State four rivers were in spate, inundating hundreds of villages on their banks.

In a radio interview, Senator Tydings said also the North Korean Communists would be thoroughly beaten unless Russia or Communist China entered the conflict.

Senator Tydings' views on German rearmament were deemed significant since his Senate post gives him access to many of the administration's confidential plans.

While emphasising that German rearmament was out of the picture unless Britain and France agreed, Senator Tydings noted that the Western Allies were giving serious study to possible ways of countering the East German police force built up by Russia.

"I believe that in the not far distant future it will be possible to work out a plan for some rearmament of Western Germany, not only because we want it with the approval of Britain and France, but because they see what contribution Western Germany can make toward meeting the great threat against civilisation which is Russia," he said.

Adenauer's appeal

The Big Three Western powers are now weighing an appeal by the West German Chancellor, Mr. Konrad Adenauer, for an increase in the Western European defence forces, including those in Germany. Senator Tydings said Western Germany was now a military vacuum and the weakest link in the chain of Western defence against further Communist aggression.

He said: "I cannot see how Western Germany can remain totally disarmed when every person knows Russia has armed the Eastern Germans very substantially. It seems to me that to permit Eastern Germany to be armed and have no real armament in Western Germany not only de-

U.S. BUILD-UP OF MEN, SUPPLIES IN KOREA

Washington, August 27.

Troops and supplies are being built up rapidly in Korea for the inevitable counter-push by the United Nations forces. Most of the specific information on the build-up is secret as it would help the enemy Communists, but U.S. Defence officials indicated the flow of men and supplies to Korea was satisfactory and according to schedule.

Officials would not say when enough troops, munitions and other war supplies would be delivered for General Douglas MacArthur to launch an all-out counter-offensive. Some observers speculated that it might be within two months.

Informed sources said General MacArthur had already been given more combat planes than he had asked for. Additional Army and Marine ground troops are being sent and additional Navy ships are being added to the more than 150 already there. Some smaller naval craft are being given to the South Koreans. Army units being dispatched to Korea are probably mainly battalions and companies of the artillery, engineers, supply and signals corps forces. Indications are that no more divisions will be sent to Korea.

The Army has all or substantial parts of four infantry divisions at the front—the 2nd, 24th, 25th and 1st Cavalry. Smaller combat units there include the 5th Regimental Combat Team, a regiment of the 1st Marine Division is also already in the battle line. In addition to reinforcements of U.S. combat troops being sent to Korea, relatively small detachments are being furnished by Britain, Australia, Thailand and the Philippines.

Units of the British, Dutch and Canadian fleets have been working with American warships, which include two Essex class attack carriers. Britain had one small carrier there for some time and another is on the way.

A Defence spokesman said that up to August 19, 500,000 tons of war supplies and 42,000 soldiers, sailors, airmen and marines had

been sent to Korea, and that the Communists themselves put some troops in Korea, I think we have licked the North Koreans morally and spiritually in the eyes of the Far East."—United Press.

"We have to consult with our business partners, France, Britain, Holland, Belgium, Denmark, Norway," he added. "From where I sit, I would say that question has not yet been decided by our government. I think our State Department and our Department of Defence are constantly studying it and conferring with their opposite numbers in Britain and France."

As for Korea, Senator Tydings said, General MacArthur and his advisers were overcautious tactical and supply problems in a way that should rank them among the great generals of history.

"I think we have turned the tables in Korea, and unless the Chinese Communists come to the aid of the Russians themselves put some troops in Korea, I think we have licked the North Koreans morally and spiritually in the eyes of the Far East."—United Press.

No federation

The Council of Europe will continue to represent the largest possible number of States, and it will not at present attempt to become a federation. But within the Council, any groups of States which so desire may form "specialised authorities" for specific purposes.

The Schuman coal and steel plan has been given an example.

They may also, if they agree, form "close organic links" between themselves, but in that case all members would take part in the debate even if all do not join.

The "specialised authorities" may also deal with the political field, and the Committee formally endorsed an interpretation already given, that this included political aspects of defence problems.

In Stuttgart, meanwhile, resolutions designed to put more steam behind the efforts of the Strasbourg Assembly to unite Europe will come up for voting tomorrow before the International Liberal Congress.

Other motions demanding the abolishment of prohibition, equal rights and opportunities for women and a better deal for political exiles bring the number of proposals to be voted up to 13.

After a public meeting in a theatre this morning, well attended by the citizens of Stuttgart,



TOP LINER

Strasbourg Assembly enters last stage

Strasbourg, August 27. After sitting for three weeks the Strasbourg Assembly of 125 members of 15 European Parliaments is due tomorrow to enter the last lap of its current session with the most controversial problems left to the end.

In four days of intensive debates, the Assembly has cleared all its work except the vital report of the Committee on General Affairs, in which two topics are outstanding.

(1) European defence—the role of the Council of Europe in implementing Mr. Winston Churchill's move for a European army.

(2) Steps to closer union—the dispute between those who demand the immediate creation of a European super-state, with limited powers and those who oppose the surrender of national sovereignty.

The report published today confirmed that the British Labour representative of the Security Sub-Committee, Mr. Anthony Crosland, had opposed the discussion of European defence in the Council of Europe.

On closer union the Assembly appeared likely to take a middle road while leaning towards the more cautious. "Various attempts at compromise were made," the Committee reported today.

It finally decided unanimously to recommend a plan which may be summarised as follows:

The Council of Europe will continue to represent the largest possible number of States, and it will not at present attempt to become a federation. But within the Council, any groups of States which so desire may form "specialised authorities" for specific purposes.

The Schuman coal and steel plan has been given an example.

They may also, if they agree, form "close organic links" between themselves, but in that case all members would take part in the debate even if all do not join.

The "specialised authorities" may also deal with the political field, and the Committee formally endorsed an interpretation already given, that this included political aspects of defence problems.

In Stuttgart, meanwhile, resolutions designed to put more steam behind the efforts of the Strasbourg Assembly to unite Europe will come up for voting tomorrow before the International Liberal Congress.

Other motions demanding the abolishment of prohibition, equal rights and opportunities for women and a better deal for political exiles bring the number of proposals to be voted up to 13.

After a public meeting in a theatre this morning, well attended by the citizens of Stuttgart,

Ethiopian peasant revolt

Cairo, August 27.

Ethiopian peasants have cut the throats of two wealthy district governors in a bloody revolt against the rule of Emperor Haile Selassie.

According to reliable information reaching Cairo yesterday, thousands of government troops have been rushed to the restless Gollam province in Northern Ethiopia to quell disturbances which first broke out late in July.

The informant said that pressure of conscription has bottled up the news in Addis Ababa. The revolt by the peasants, equipped with small arms hidden away since they were abandoned by Italian troops, started when severe pressure was brought to collect long overdue land taxes. Some arrests were made and land was confiscated.

Haile Selassie on his recent 36th birthday, issued a decree remitting unpaid land taxes from 1942 to 1947. He also ordered the Ministry of Agriculture to help farmers market their products but there have been transport difficulties.—Associated Press.

INTERNATIONAL LAW VIOLATIONS

Paris, August 27.

The Executive Board of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation, in session in Paris, has unanimously deplored the violation of international law in Korea, the Chairman, Count Stefano Jancini, said here today.

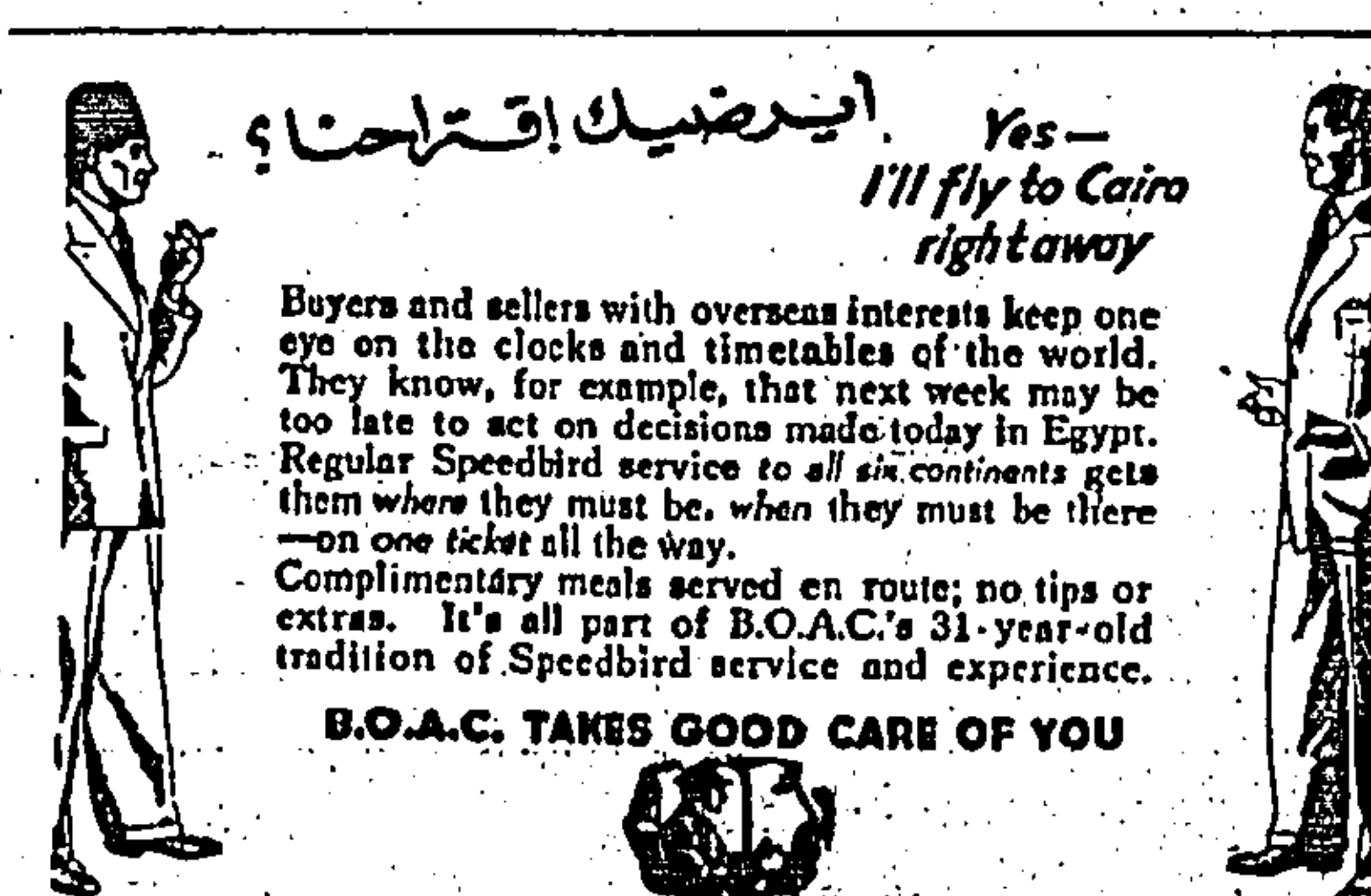
He added that the Board had agreed on a great number of points on the means of UNESCO action in support of the United Nations.—Reuter.



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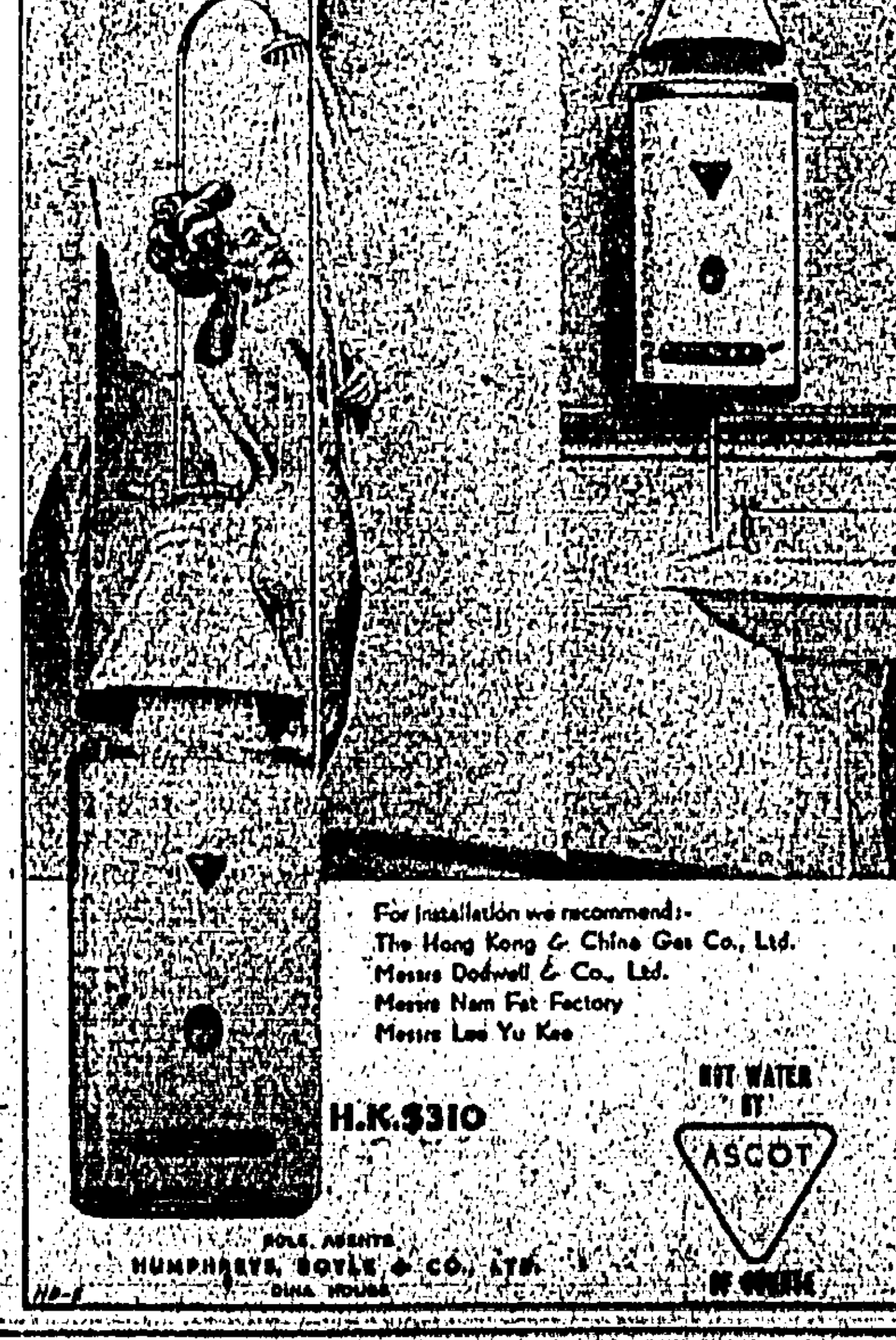
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Vietnam Premier appeals for American arms to equip growing army

Paris, August 27.

Tran Van Huu, Premier of the newly-born Indo-Chinese state of Vietnam, today appealed for American arms to equip a native army which would gradually take over from the French the defence of the strategically vital area in South East Asia against Communism.

The United States has already pledged US\$23,500,000 of economic aid to the French-sponsored Vietnam government and is reported to be ready to allocate another \$200,000,000 for arms and equipment for the new state.

Premier Tran said in an exclusive interview here that negotiations with the United States for arms aid were making good progress and he hoped to sign an agreement with the United States Minister, Mr. Donald Heath, when he returned to Indo-China. "I have the fullest confidence the people of the United States will continue to help the peoples of the Far East in their battle against Communism," he said.

The Prime Minister received the United Press correspondent after conferences in Paris with the French Prime Minister, Mr. Rene Jules Moch, and the French High Commissioner for Indo-China, Mr. Leon Pignon. For the past three months he has headed the French-sponsored government of Vietnam.

Tran's aim

Mr. Tran said his aim was to form a strong Vietnamese national army that could gradually take over from the French defence of the strategically vital corner of South East Asia. "At the moment we have between 55,000 and 60,000 men under arms and by the end of the year we will have an army of 65,000 men," he said. "We have never suffered from any lack of manpower. We can get all the recruits we need. But we have had no arms except small quantities of arms which were given to us by the United States."

Mr. Tran said the United States so far had furnished Vietnam with eight military transport planes and some trucks. "I have reason to hope the Americans will also give us combat planes, tanks and a lot of small landing craft, which are particularly badly needed in an amphibious type of war like in river deltas. We also need large

SCAP's message withdrawn

Washington, August 27.

General Douglas MacArthur today withdrew from public circulation a message on the subject of Formosa that he had sent to the Veterans of Foreign Wars meeting in Chicago.

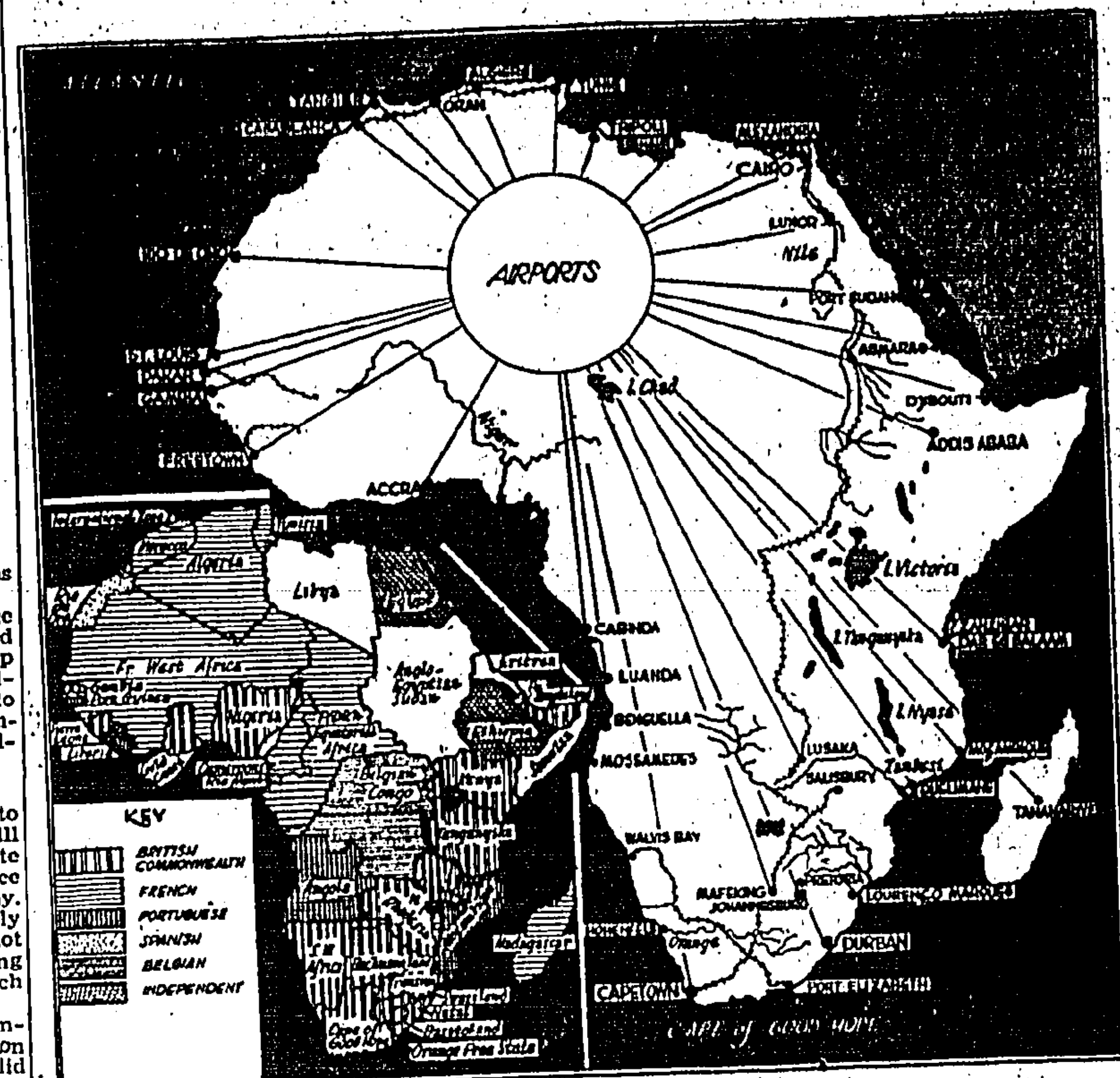
His action was presumably taken on the direction of President Harry Truman.

Support for this assumption came from the wording of a cable General MacArthur sent to Mr. Clyde A. Lewis, VFW National Commander, asking that the General's message be withdrawn. The text of the cable, which was made public by VFW officials in Chicago, said:

"I regret to inform you that I have been directed to withdraw my message to the National Encampment of the Veterans of Foreign Wars."

There was no immediate comment from the White House. Military officials in Tokyo said any explanation for the cancellation of General MacArthur's message to the VFW convention would have to be from the general himself. He was not immediately available.

General MacArthur's views on Formosa have differed sharply from those of the administration. The General has expressed his opinions to some top leaders who have visited him in Tokyo. Because of this, State Department officials apparently were not too surprised at this new development in connection with General MacArthur's views. Some of them have long expected there would have to be a showdown with him on the subject of Formosa.—Associated Press.



At Strasbourg three delegates called for "a new U.S.A."—the United States of Africa. This down-to-earth map puts the pipe dream into a proper perspective. Before a united control of Africa could become possible, there would have to be a unity of thought and purpose among the European countries who have controlled, for so long, the destiny of most of this vast continent. The larger of the two maps, showing the very limited main railway network, reveals how difficult a problem a coming united control of Africa would be. As was once North America, Africa may well be the "continent of the future," but this newsmagazine suggests in graphic form that Africa's day of destiny has not yet dawned.

Deauville holiday ends in swirl of titles and jewels

Deauville, August 27.

Honest broker wanted for Formosa issue

London, August 27. The independent "Sunday Observer" today called on the British Commonwealth to act as "brokers" in settling the conflict over Formosa between the United States and Communist China.

"The first step towards peaceful settlement in Formosa is removal of Chiang," it said. "The power that can bring this about without resort to armed force is America."

"It is not too much to ask China to abide by temporary United Nations administration of the island provided this administration is without prejudice to final settlement. In working for a United Nations solution along these lines, Britain and the Commonwealth will also give us honest brokers between China and America and nobly serve the cause of peace."—United Press.

The International set's most glittering holiday in 30 years at this Channel resort ends here today in a swirl of titles, jewels and wealth.

Wars and world troubles are hardly mentioned in Deauville, where fortunes ride daily on horse races and nightly on the spin of a wheel or the turn of a card.

Headline names of a dozen countries, both titled and non-titled, have made the "high season" pilgrimage to this plush English Channel resort by yacht, plane, rail and limousine.

They live in private villas and chateaux, about their yachts, or in hotels where the cheapest room costs every night more than the lift boy makes in two weeks. The biggest name in Deauville for this season's gayest, richest week end is King Farouk of Egypt, on holiday with an "incognito" court of nearly 20.

The King moves with a flourish of limousines and bodyguards among princes, potentates and merchant multi-millionaires who come here every season. The casino, hub of the resort's

night life, reports that play at the gaming tables is bigger than the gambling tables in Las Vegas. One at any time since the 1920s. One veteran casino official said receipts from the tables so far this year have been about 100,000,000 francs above the average.

Nightly receipts

The average nightly receipts have been running to about 20,000,000 francs (20,000) a season long. He said even the casino's restaurant and cinema are making more money than ever before. Of the guests, the officials said, the gowns are more lavish, the jewels more fabulous.

What is the reason? The casino man says: "The world is full of trouble. These people are spending money to relax and forget it."

The guest list for tonight's gala dinner party at the casino—just big thing of the year—reads like a Who's Who of the East. It includes the Aga Khan and his Begum, Prince Aly Khan and his Princess, the actress Rita Hayworth, the Maharajah of Baroda a selection of merchant princes from all parts of the Western world and a dozen or so Paris shopgirls who have saved all year for this week-end.

The Deauville season formally ends tomorrow afternoon with the running of the Grand Prix, a rich horse race whose entire proceeds go to the French Red Cross. The Aga Khan and his Begum, Prince Aly Khan and his Princess, the actress Rita Hayworth, the Maharajah of Baroda a selection of merchant princes from all parts of the Western world and a dozen or so Paris shopgirls who have saved all year for this week-end.

Behind this scene of Arabian nights splendour is the former professional mourner who now virtually owns Deauville. He is a 72-year-old white-haired Francois Andre, who looks more like a family doctor than one of the world's richest and most famous professional gamblers.

Andre owns the casino where millions are wagered and operates the three hotels where most of the gamblers live.

His profits for 1949 are estimated by his associates at something like £250,000.—Associated Press.

Mustafa could be sold quickly on Communism, and he would be lost to the non-Communist world. That is one reason why the non-Communist in the United Nations Security Council have started using plain tough words. They are trying to get across their message to millions of indifferent persons like Mustafa. They are trying to tell those persons that their liberties are in daily danger and the time to act is now.—United Press.

WAR OF WORDS MEANS NOTHING TO MILLIONS

New York, August 27.

In the great war of words and ideas that make up Communist and non-Communist propaganda campaigns, there are millions of neutrals. They are indifferent to Moscow Radio and the Voice of America. They don't know much about Korea, and care less.

Like Mustafa, who is a handy man in a hotel at Teheran, the capital of Iran.

Mustafa lives on the brink of disaster. Any day his nation may get into trouble with the Russians, and a war may break out. Iran is rich in oil, and Russia needs oil for the great war machine she is building day and night. Iran is a danger spot in the cold war.

Mustafa had a chat the other day with United Press Correspondent Edgar Clark in Teheran. They were talking about international affairs. Mustafa dislikes Russia in a vague sort of way. But he also distrusts the United States and thinks the United States has some sinister motives in trying to help Iran.

"It makes no difference to me who wins or who comes here," he said. "Just so long as conditions improve for us. When our belly is full we don't care what country said, and it is perfectly all right to promise Mustafa the moon when what you really are going to give him is a modern form of serfdom."

what it was he didn't like about Communism. Mustafa finally got upon his anti-religious programme. He is a devout Moslem. But he never gave any indication that he planned to do anything to oppose either Communism or the American way of life. Nor does he plan to help either one.

Long week

He works 108 hours a week and receives a dollar per day plus tips. He supports his wife, his daughter and his mother. He has neither time nor inclination to ask questions about the great war that is being waged around the world for men's minds.

The big advantage that the Russians hold over the Western democracies is that they are unscrupulous in the way they handle people like Mustafa. They justify the means. Lenin once said, and it is perfectly all right to promise Mustafa the moon when what you really are going to give him is a modern form of serfdom.

If a Communist sound such things worse for me than when he was pressed to tell

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A guide to good eating! Shown above are the vital foods you need every day to look and feel your best. Good things to eat, every one! Cut out this chart. See that your family learns to eat these basic foods. Plan your meals around them. Your family's health and vitality, as well as your own, is at stake. And remember, no one food can do everything. You and your family need all these foods—every day.

Enjoy life more! If you haven't been eating properly, chances are you'll enjoy noticeably increased vitality when you follow the balanced diet given by your doctor. That's why it's important not to delay a thorough physical examination—especially if you feel tired, nervous, lack resistance. Your doctor may say that you're badly in need of more vitamins and minerals than your diet includes.

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BULGARIA IS THREAT TO GREECE, SAYS UN COMMITTEE'S REPORT

TRAFFIC IN OPIUM IN IRAN

Teheran, August 27. Opium traffic—legal and illegal—is the "big secret" of Iran today and probably one of its biggest rackets.

One of the world's major producers of opium seed product, Iran observes no international production limits and no reliable statistics are available on production or sales to either local or foreign drug control quarters. All legal opium production and distribution is handled by the department for the export of opium, subsidiary of the Finance Ministry.

American and other foreign narcotics experts estimate that only 30 to 40 per cent of Iran's annual opium production of about 10,000 cases ever reaches legal channels and that the majority is sold in black and other illicit markets.

The opium poppy is grown chiefly in central Iran by individual farmers who ostensibly sell it after harvest to the government which then packs, stores and sells the finished product to licensed narcotic manufacturers, local and foreign.

After the poppy has attained full growth, the farmer "bleeds" the seed pod by puncturing it with a manually operated rasp. This operation is done twice, first on one side of the pod and then on the other. A gum-like secretion—70 per cent pure opium—collects on the pod as a result of the puncturing and this is later scraped off and packed for weighing by the farmer.

The government then buys this gum opium from the farmers at about \$7 per pound and cuts it in one-pound sticks. There are 100 cans to a case.

Black market rates

It is estimated, however, that 60 to 70 per cent of the annual production reaches the market because the narcotic brings at least double the official rate in illicit markets.

Much of the black market sales are contained in Iran, which despite government prohibition, has one of the world's principal opium smoking populations. Almost anywhere throughout the nation, in cities and towns and even at roadside stands, a pipe of opium can be obtained with little trouble for no more than 10 cents.

Because of Iran's lengthy and largely unsettled frontiers where effective control is practically impossible, much of the remainder of the illegal product is relatively simply smuggled abroad.

Occasionally the government cracks down on the traffic. Several years ago its agents uprooted a great number of poppy fields, but it has as yet failed to place effective controls on cultivation or production. In other control drives, government agents frequently halt trucks and cars on main roads connecting principal cities, but their search is generally a cursory inspection for large case shipments, allowing all types of small packages of the drug to get by without detection.

The average Iranian regards opium control as many Americans reacted to prohibition during the dry era, but the violations of opium regulations and the graft and "take" from its sale are much more widespread and lucrative than in the peak of U.S. liquor racketeering. —United Press.

Lake Success, August 27. The United Nations Special Committee on the Balkans stated today that Bulgaria, which has continued to assist the guerrilla raiding and sabotage parties near the Greek border, constitutes a potential threat to Greece.

In a unanimous report, the Committee urged the General Assembly to call upon all States, especially Albania and Bulgaria, to do nothing which would encourage or permit a renewal of the armed action against Greece and to permit international verification of the disarming and disposition of the Greek guerrillas on their territories.

While the guerrilla leaders have suspended their efforts to dominate the country by armed force, their aims have not been abandoned and the remnants of the movement within Greece have not been resolved, it stated.

It asked all countries not to provide arms or materials of war to Albania and Bulgaria until it was determined that the unlawful assistance of these States to the Greek guerrillas has ceased.

It recommended that the General Assembly call again upon Albania and Bulgaria and Greece to establish diplomatic relations and provide an effective machinery for controlling their common frontiers.

It expressed the gravest concern that no Greek children have been repatriated to their homes in Greece and that two General Assembly resolutions calling for the repatriation of the children—estimated at 28,206—harboured in the countries North of Greece in January this year, had no practical results.

Source of friction

This problem constituted a continuing source of international friction and a standing challenge to the United Nations.

Commenting on its efforts to restore good neighbourly relations between Greece and her Northern neighbours, the Committee said that the Greek Government had co-operated with it while the Governments of Albania, Bulgaria and Yugoslavia had refused even to recognise it.

But it noted indications of "possible improvement" in Greek-Yugoslav relations since the closing of the frontier in July, 1949.

It mentioned specifically the definite steps towards the establishment of normal diplomatic relations between the two countries and the Yugoslav proposals for implementing the Assembly resolution on the repatriation of Greek children.

The report, which covered the period from mid-September, 1949, to July, 1950, declared that normal relations between Greece and her Northern neighbours could not be restored until four urgent problems were solved.

These were:

1.—The international verification of the disarming and disposition of Greek guerrillas outside Greece.

2.—The repatriation of Greek children.

3.—The repatriation of detained Greek soldiers and other Greek nationals.

4.—The conclusion of conventions for the regulation and control of the common frontiers between Greece and her Northern neighbours.

The Committee suggested that the Assembly consider maintaining a United Nations agency on the Balkans in the light of the current international situation and of conditions along the Northern frontiers of Greece.—Reuter.

Combined air exercise concluded

Fontainebleau, August 27. Western Union air defence needs more money to build an adequate communications system. Air Chief Marshal Sir James Robb, the Commander-in-Chief of the Western Union Air Forces, said here today at the end of the three-day combined air exercise "Cupola".

Commenting on the lessons learned from the exercise, in which British, Belgian, French and Dutch planes took part, Sir James said: "This is no time for complacency, and I do not pretend that all has been done to complete the air defence system—far from it."

"The system must achieve a very high standard of efficiency and this depends very largely on first-class communications. These cost money, and money must be found very soon if we are to achieve what we set out to do—that is to provide an air defence system second to none."

Sir James congratulated the four attacking and defending forces on the success of the exercise. Language difficulties still existed, he said, but were being rapidly overcome.

Even under unfavourable weather conditions, the number of interceptions had been fair. Night fighters had given a good account of themselves.

The exercise was at testing the air defences from the Dutch coast to the Rhine. About 450 aircraft, including jet fighters and Vickers-Fortresses, took part.

Air Vice-Marshal W. A. D. Brook, Chief of Staff to Sir James Robb, said that the exercise had proved the value of standardisation in procedure between the different air forces.—Reuter.

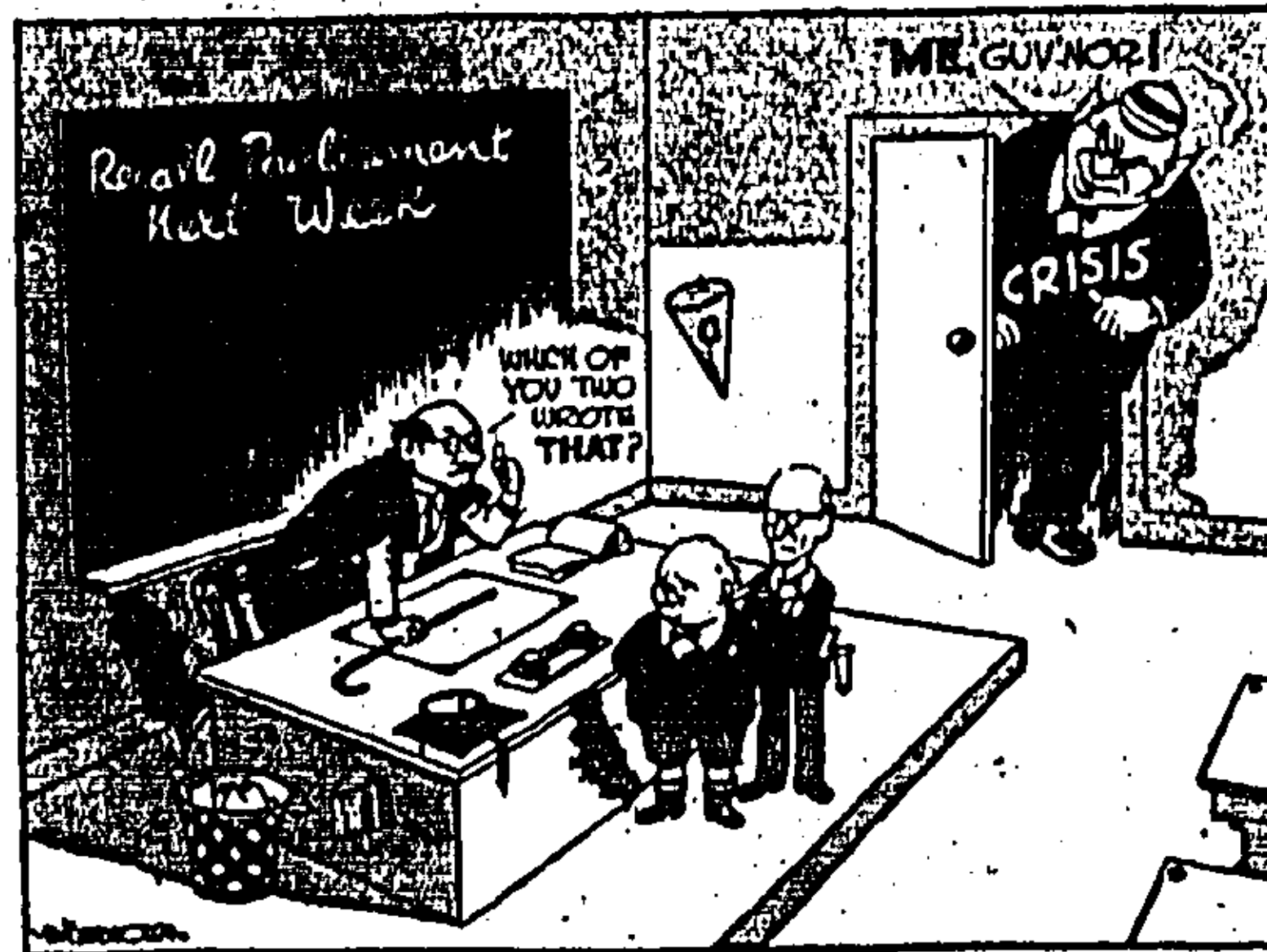
Artificial moons for television?

London, August 27. "Artificial moons" may some day be used for television, with fuel stations thrown in.

The British Interplanetary Society says it has models of rocketships, which will be used as way stations for trips to the moon itself.

"Groups of four will be made to meet some miles up," a spokesman said. "They will form the bases, or 'artificial moons,' for refuelling for further rockets."

"These artificial moons will also take over control of all shipping and aircraft radio in the future—and they will send out television programmes to all parts



THE THIRD MAN

Malik keeps up poker face at UN

Lake Success, August 28. In three more days Jacob A. Malik will step down as monthly President of the UN Security Council.

He may stay on as the Soviet delegate. Some delegates and UN officials think he will. Others think he won't. M. Malik would not say anything except that he had come back to the Council after a seven-month boycott because it was Russia's alphabetical turn in August to hold the Presidency.

But there was no doubt at all that he will give up the chair at the end of August after the most severe word lambasting any Council President has ever had to undergo.

Those who watched him in action rarely saw any emotion showing on his fair, furtive face while delegates raked him and his obstruction of Council business during the month.

Whatever inner squirming he did when delegates called him "slave driver," "dictator," "ignorant" and called his words "lies" was reflected only infrequently by the way he pursed his lips.

Rarer still were his shoulders shrugging and arm waving as he argued against the points made by the U.S. delegate, Warren R. Austin, who said Russia had only to give the word to the North Koreans to stop the Korean conflict.

Otherwise, while most delegates talked, he sat impassively. For some he clamped on his headphones or cradled one against his face to hear the simultaneous translation in Russian.

Cold stare

For others, like the Chinese delegate, T. F. T'ang, he had only a cold stare, mirroring contempt as he sat stolidly, almost ostentatiously ignoring them.

There was an occasional grin when one of his delegation advisers leaned over his shoulder to note a point.

But while he sat in the Presidential chair the public saw only the great stone face.

M. Malik is no back slapper. He is always what German officials like to be... correct. He speaks English brokenly, but understandably, and several times briefly broke into Council discussions in English. It is this English he can use talking with re-

ports who always crowd around him when he comes to UN meetings or trail after him when he stalks grandly out of one.

No jostling

For a long time before the Soviet boycott began last January, M. Malik stayed out of the delegates' lounge. No round of handshaking and jostling for him, no talking with another delegate over a drink, before or after meetings, no confidential shots with a reporter.

Like most other Russian officials, he arrives with his advisers promptly, about three minutes before a meeting is to begin. He may have a word for reporters on their insistence—meeting them first with a blank stare, occasionally even breaking into a smile.

He has a frozen smile for UN employees whose duty it is to deal with him. But once he enters the Security Council chamber he becomes an official in the grand style, frosty, erect unmoving—as he takes his seat at the head of the horse-shoe table. He poses briefly, but still coldly, for news photographers.

His only sign of distress is when the giant lights go up during the session for movie cameramen to shoot the scene. Then he shades his eyes with his hands.

A journalist

M. Malik is one of the young "Old Bolsheviks," a youngster of 31 when the Bolsheviks took over from the Czars and Kerensky's middle-roads in Russia.

He learned his lessons well, however, going up from a writing job on "Pravda," the Communist Party newspaper, to the Foreign Office Press section, and later becoming Ambassador for Russia in Japan.

Russians do not talk about the private lives of their heroes.

M. Malik and others in his delegation live on great estates once owned by American millionaire families on the North shore of Long Island.

Chief amusement of the groups is watching private showings of Soviet films sent over from Moscow.—Associated Press.

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Guarding Pohang



An American soldier keeps watch from a fortified ridge overlooking a burning village in the Pohang area of the Korean front as he covers comrades (centre, under gun) patrolling the hillside.—Associated Press Photo.

Ancient laws a worry for the modern innkeeper

London, August 27.
Laws framed hundreds of years ago when highwaymen terrorised the roads are worrying the present-day keepers of Britain's inns.

An official of the Brewers' Society said: "The matter has come to a head following a customer's successful claim recently for damages for the loss of his car, stolen from the car park of a Nunston (Warwickshire) Inn. The judges found the innkeeper liable for the loss."

"Rulings in cases as far back as 1626, 1627 and 1641, some written partly in Norman French and some partly in Latin, were quoted during the hearing." In the case in question, a man was awarded £470 for the loss of his car, which was stolen from the car park of the inn. The judge said, "Obligations imposed on innkeepers are heavy. They are bound to accept any traveller, and any obligation to take care of their guests' goods."

"The Brewers' Society spokesman said in an interview, "The law on the matter is hopelessly out of date. It was made for the protection of travellers against highwaymen and horse thieves and originally was reasonable enough."

"A thief could hardly break into stables and bring out a horse, much less harness it to a carriage or coach, without the landlord or his stable boy

hearing him in time to stop him." "Today, a thief, with a good range of keys might make off with a car costing several thousands of pounds from the inn car park without the landlord knowing anything about it. If the car owner were a guest or customer at the inn, the landlord would probably be held liable."

"Probably the best course open to the landlord is to insure against claims, but these are lean times for the trade. It is possible that a collective policy taken out on behalf of all the houses owned by a single brewing firm may be practical."

"But the final solution is to bring the law up to date."—Associated Press.

BLACK MARKET IN WATER

Palermo, August 27.
A pitcher of water brought 325 lire or US\$0.50 on the black market at Argente and half a dozen other townships on the Southern coast of Sicily today. Nobody even asked if the water was polluted.
An estimated 250,000 inhabitants of the coast between Sciacca and Licata have been without water since a landslide broke the Quisquina aqueduct nine days ago. Water immediately became a black market item and its price rose with the heat.—United Press.

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Why the H-Bomb is called atomic fish

Hydrogen bombs are sometimes called atomic fish, while atom bombs are called atomic matches.

The atomic fish are the particles which form all atoms. There are only three particles—neutrons, protons, and electrons. Two or more of them together form any atom.

Why are they like fish? Because they change weight, like fish in or out of water. A fisherman never weighs his catch under water, where the buoyancy would cut the weight.

The three atomic particles act just like the fish. They weigh less when they enter the nucleus of an atom than when they are outside. In this loss only the neutrons and protons count because electrons have almost no weight.

The loss of mass when these particles join up in atoms makes the H-bomb. The mass they lose in forming helium turns mostly into heat. This is ordinary heat, but may be hotter even than the centres of stars.

The reason for the lost atomic mass is not buoyancy. The mass is given up by the newcomer particle because he does not need it. His loss is replaced by the force inside the atomic nucleus, which grabs the new particles and holds them tightly packed.

The situation is like a man out at night with a lantern, returning to an electric lighted house. When he enters he leaves the lantern outside. Electricity does the inside lighting.

The atomic nucleus is the house. The lantern is the heat that makes the H-bomb. The "inner light" is a mysterious

force, a binding energy which seems to be the most powerful thing in the universe. This force exists only inside atomic nuclei. Fusion requires protons to enter the atomic nucleus.

Repelling protons

This is difficult because protons all carry similar electrical charges. They repel each other. Two as close as they must be inside an atom repel each other with a force of about 40 pounds.

So it is evident that a proton has to be travelling at terrific speed to pass through this resistance. That is why fusion will not start until the temperature is a million or more degrees.

The heat gives the protons the speed needed to enter nuclei. To start the fusion it is only necessary to pack the heavy forms of hydrogen around in an A-bomb, whose initial temperatures reach a hundred million degrees.

The next step is the great puzzle. How to keep the hydrogen atoms from being blown apart too quickly by the A-bomb explosion.

To do this they must be packed inside some sort of case. There is nothing in creation that will not instantly vaporize in an atom bomb heat.

The problem is like trying to

make a gun with a trigger and powder, but no barrel. The A-bomb is the trigger. The hydrogen is the powder. There just is not any barrel.

Solution?

The solution may lie in delaying the melting of the bomb case for even a few billionths of a second, an interval that may permit the fast-acting forms of heavy hydrogen, deuterium and tritium, to fuse into helium.

Only the lightest weight elements can be used for fusion. Even in the sun no process is known for fusing anything except hydrogen.

The A-bomb is like a match because it is started with hardly any heat. It is started by neutrons, which split atoms.

These neutrons have no electrical charges. Hence, they can enter atoms without hindrance. But the only atoms which will split with these neutrons are the very heaviest, namely plutonium and two forms of uranium.

These facts limit nuclear bombs to two types, A and H. No others are in sight. In fact, competent scientists figure there may never be any others. There is a definite limit to the power of an A-bomb. But there is no apparent limit to an H-bomb.—Associated Press.

Death sentences to stand

London, August 27.
The War Office tonight announced the confirmation of the death sentences on three British soldiers for the murder of a garage watchman in Cairo last April.

The soldiers, Driver Frank Edward Hensman, Gunner John Edward Golby and Gunner Robert Edward Smith, will be executed on August 31. They were sentenced to death by a general court-martial at Fayid, Suez Canal Zone, on July 21.

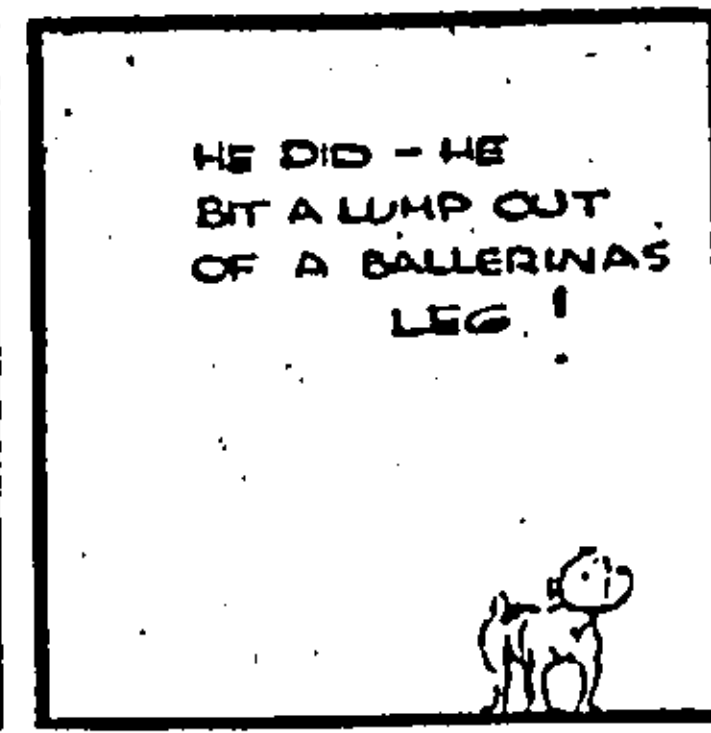
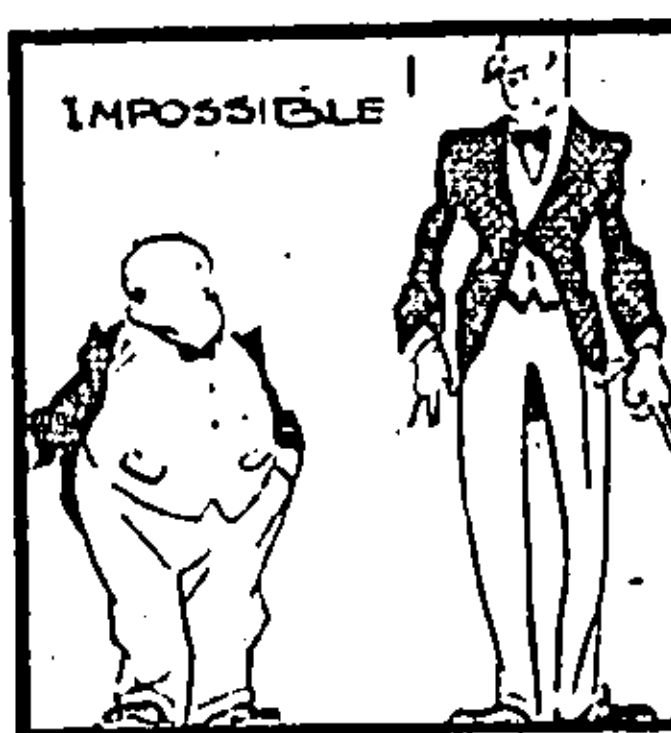
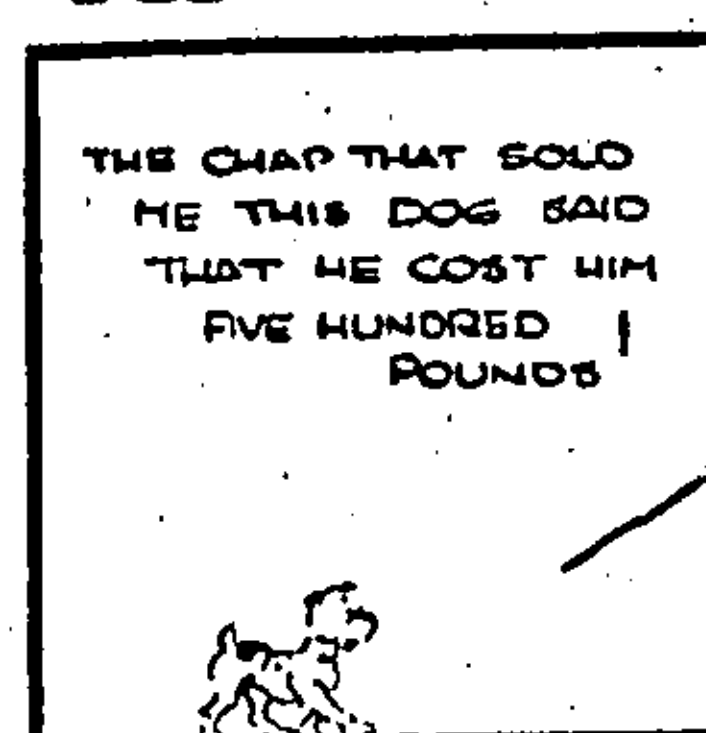
Hensman, aged 22, of 42 Company, Royal Army Service Corps; Golby, aged 30, of U Battery, 12th Anti-Tank Regiment, Royal Artillery; and Smith, aged 24, of the same battery, were found guilty of murdering Hussein Hamadani-lah.

According to a statement said to have been made by Hensman and read in court during the trial, the Egyptian was twice shot by Hensman, once in the body and once in the head, after the three soldiers had entered a garage.

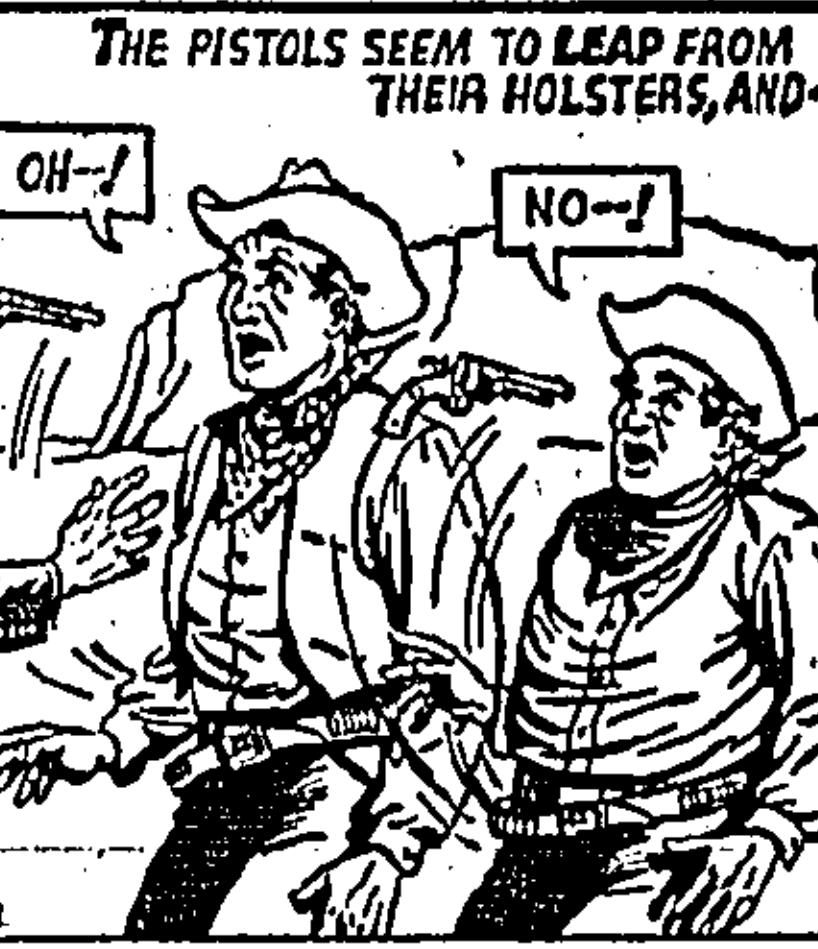
The Prosecution said that all three, according to their own signed statements, had committed a series of acts of felony with violence resulting in the man's death.

The men pleaded not guilty to the charges and the Defence urged acquittal. When the court-martial sentenced them to "suffer death by hanging," it decided to make no recommendation for mercy.—Reuter.

POP

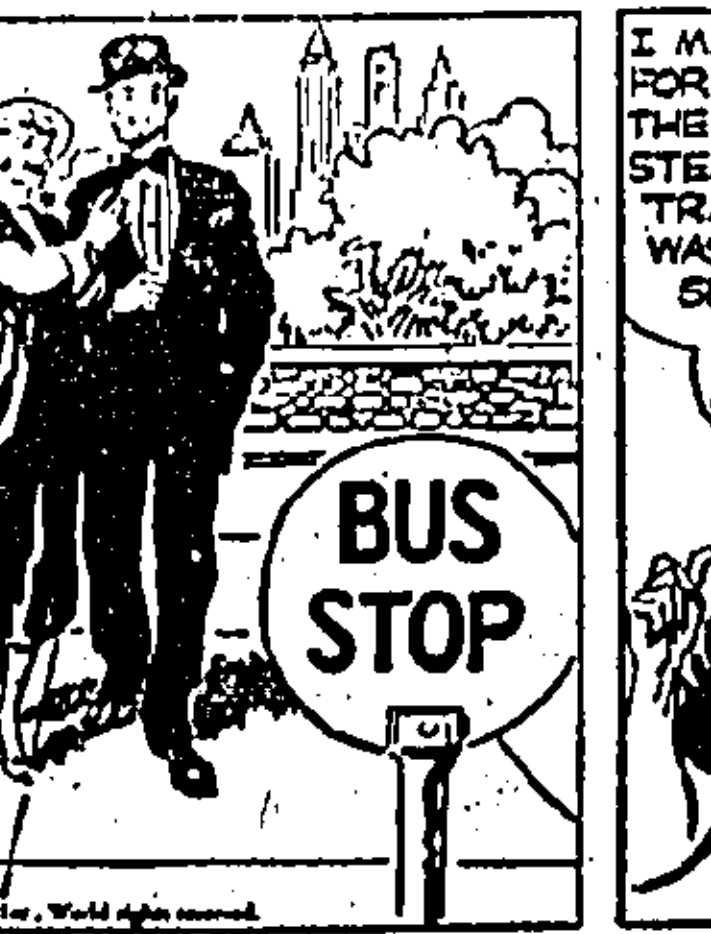


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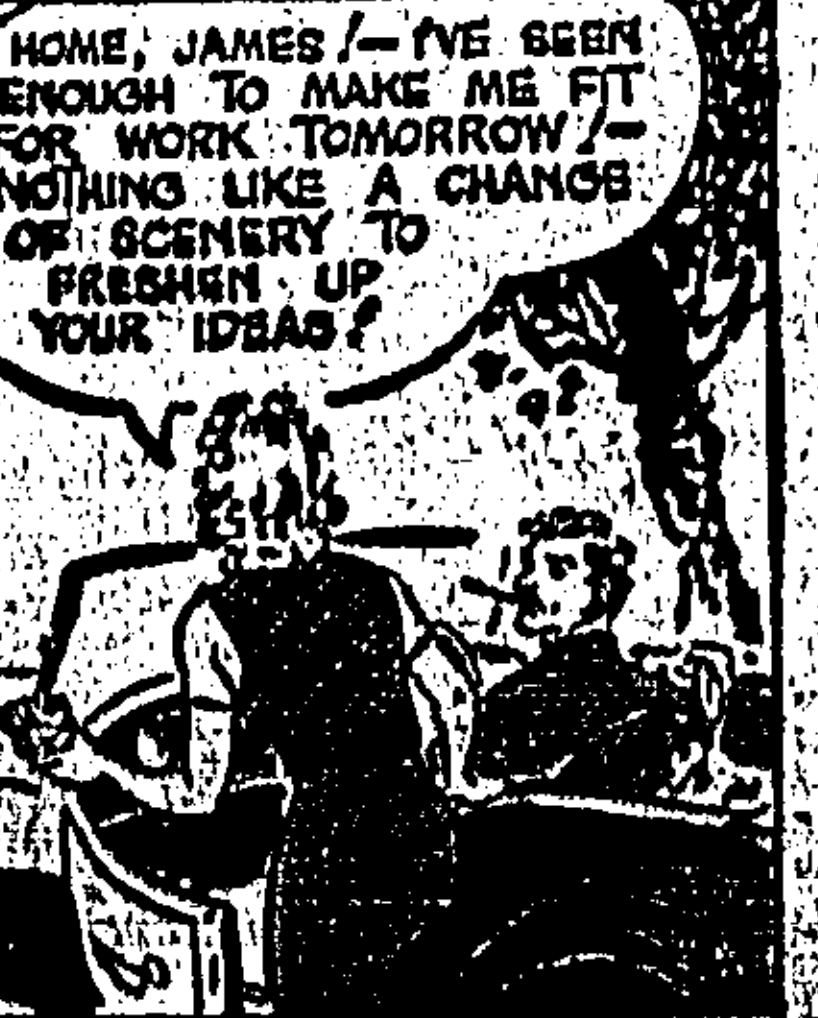
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"TAIYUAN"	Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide	9th Sept.
"CHANGSHA"	Japan	20th Sept.

ARRIVALS FROM

"TAIPING"	Australia, Manus Is. & Manila	In Port
"CHANGTE"	Japan	In Port
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	6th Sept.
"CHANGSHA"	Australia, Kure & Manila	16th Sept.

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"AUTOLYCUS"	Dublin & Liverpool	24th Sept.

ARRIVALS FROM

"MENTOR"	U.K. via Straits	31st Aug.
"CLYTONUS"	U.K. via Straits	8th Sept.
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"CALCHAS"	U.K. via Straits	8th Oct.

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YEMEN OFFICIAL IN LONDON FOR TALKS ON FRONTIER ISSUE

London, August 27.

The Deputy Foreign Minister of the Yemen, Mohammed Abdullah Al Amal, arrived in London today for talks with the British Government on a frontier dispute which arose last year when Royal Air Force planes bombed a Yemen-constructed fort claimed by Britain to be in the British Protectorate of Aden. He was accompanied by Ayed Hussain Ibrahim, Yemen Minister of State.

Production of new jet fighter

London, August 27.

The production of a new Meteor jet night fighter for the Royal Air Force, designed to be the backbone of the Western European night defences and described as a flying radar station, was announced here tonight.

The plane, a development of the standard Meteor jet fighter, is faster and carries more radar interception equipment than any known night fighter, its makers, the Hawker Siddeley group, stated.

They claimed it to be the biggest and heaviest jet night fighter in the world. Its official name is the Armstrong Whitworth NF-11 Meteor night jet fighter.

The NF-11 will be capable of flying at a speed greater than any known night fighter, it will be able to hang on to that quarry for long periods, its range and endurance being considerably greater than usually found on jet fighters.

The NF-11 is powered by two Rolls Royce Derwent jet engines and has a length of 48 feet, six inches and a wing span of 43 feet. Its four 20-millimetre cannons are fired electrically. The target is sought out through an electrically gyro sight.—Reuter.

U.S. paper wants reform in Asia

New York, August 27.

The "Times" today called on the free world to understand its task and make its objectives plain in bringing reforms to Asia.

It said the Communists are "pictured as exponents of reform and progress while the free world is tagged with labels of 'imperialism' and 'colonialism'."

The paper continued: "The need for reform is still there in Asia but it is a need for real reform if the free world wants that reform to be carried out without sacrifice of human liberty and personal freedom. This is impossible under a Communist regime and common humanity therefore

Temporary solution

Under the Anglo-Yemen treaty of 1934 the question of final delimitation of the frontier has to be settled before the expiry of the treaty in 1974. The present talks, it is understood, will be concerned with finding a temporary delimitation of the frontier until it can be finally settled under the terms of the treaty.

The present frontier is only delimited on a map and not on the ground between the Yemen and the Protectorate of Aden.

The question of the establishment of diplomatic relations will also be discussed during the London talks. At present they are carried out through the Governor of Aden, a procedure which is not favourably viewed by the Yemen Government.

Abdullah Al Amal was in London earlier this year for talks on diplomatic relations, but it was understood that no agreement was reached then.

Informal trade talks will be held by the two delegations at the forthcoming meetings. Britain will be represented at the talks by Mr. G. W. Furlong, head of the Eastern Department of the Foreign Office, Sir Reginald Chapman, Governor of Aden, and Sir Bernard Relfy, former Governor of the Protectorate.—Reuter.

urges that Communist aggression be opposed.

"But for the spurious Communist programme there should be substituted a genuine article based on the principle of free association and co-operation. That is the sort of reform we should foster in Asia and we should tell Asians that we mean just that."—United Press.

CANTONESE BY RADIO

BY S.K. LEE

Lesson 40 (T)

Vocabulary:
390. (1)woocoy
391. but(1)
392. jee(1)
393. (3)muk

To return. To revert. To recoil.
A pen.
A branch. A bough. A twig.
A spring. Classifier for pens, flags and long things which are stiff or hard.

Ink. (in solid form)
A colour.
Red.
Blue.

An answer to a letter.
To answer by letter.
A branch firm.
A branch store.

Ink. (in liquid state)
A fountain pen.
A colour.
Brown.
Red.
Pink.
Blue.

A type-writer.
I got a letter from home.
They asked me why I had sent no letters home.

I had to send a letter in reply.
I got out some note-paper and envelopes.
As I had no typewriter, I (then) had to write with a pen.

I picked up a fountain pen.
There was no ink.
I called fooki to bring me some ink.

He brought in a bottle of red ink.
I said I didn't want red.

I wanted blue-black.
After (completed) filling the pen, I (then) started to write the letter.

(to be continued)

Chinese request to Burma

Bangkok, August 27.
The Chinese Charge d'Affaires in Bangkok, Patrick Plohi Sun, said the Burmese government should allow 2,000 Nationalist troops, remnants of the former Nationalist 20th division, to return to China across the border to wage guerrilla warfare against the Communists.

Small-scale warfare is now taking place between Burmese forces and the Chinese, who crossed into Burmese territory some weeks ago. Burmese reports said the Chinese had taken over several villages and intended living on Burmese territory. Casualties on both sides are put at 100.

Plohi Sun said Burmese troops were blocking passage of the Nationalist soldiers into Yunnan province.

Observers here doubt whether Burma would act on the suggestion since Burma has recognised the Communist Peking regime.

The warfare has sent hundreds of refugees from the Northern border regions scampering for safety into Siam. Siam has rushed troops from Bangkok. They have thrown up entrenchments and are confining refugees to camps under force.—Associated Press.

Soap box peace brands in London

London, August 27.

Pick your brand of peace. Somebody standing on a soap box in Britain has it to sell.

The Communists make the most noise from Hyde Park down to the smallest crossroads town. Their brand of peace doesn't seem to be very popular in London.

A party speaker in Lincoln's Inn Fields, just behind the Law Courts in London, for example, had his hands full recently trying to raise his voice above the heckling crowd.

It was the noon hour, and most of his listeners were young and old young clerks and law students revelling in 30 minutes of cool sunshine, mischievously carping at his every word.

"If an atom bomb were dropped in Trafalgar Square . . . the busy little orator began.

"By whom?" 200 voices demanded.

"If it were, I say . . ."

"By whom?" the cry rang out again full of laughter.

"Say it was your Yankee friends," the speaker suggested. "Not bloody likely!" they roared.

"Why're you bombing the defenceless towns of North Korea already. Do you think the Yankees care about you?" the little man wanted to know.

"A darn sight more than Uncle Joe does," someone piped up, and everybody laughed again.

At the other end of Lincoln's Inn Fields, another sort of peace was going, with a good deal of serious bargaining, but less laughter. It was a representative of Donald Soper, selling passive resistance, preaching that even Russian domination would be better than an atomic war.

India's example

The crowd listened attentively to a cultured middle-aged woman who explained, how India won independence from Britain by peacefully refusing to co-operate.

"Excuse me, madam," interrupted a labourer at the centre of the crowd, "but about the troops India and Pakistan have raised against each other. You see, I'm here to learn."

"Oh, are you?" the woman shot back. "I didn't know. I thought you came to have fun. Well, I'll teach you," she said, and explained that even Indians don't practice passive resistance as well as they preach it.

"What would happen to you if you argued against war in the Soviet Union?" a sceptic at the edge of the crowd asked.

"To the Soviet Union I'd have to go into a concentration camp, where some of my fellows are already. I hope I'd have the courage," the woman answered.

Down at Speaker's Corner, Hyde Park, the tub thumpers will give you any peace prescription you like from the Universal Church to universal contraception. And round every tub you'll find a crowd of people who differ—some politically, some with a "take your crackpot ideas and go to . . ."

Peace is debated in every pub from Lands End to John o' Groats. Everyone wants peace, few can agree on how to ensure it.

You can sign your name to the Communists' Stockholm Peace Appeal at almost any soap box, almost any time, in any town.

But most Britons think they'd rather concede a home-made recipe. It may not be so quick as "hyped peace" but when you serve it you know what's in it.—United Press.

Mr. Spender to discuss New Guinea

The Hague, August 27.

Mr. Percy C. Spender, Australian Minister of External Affairs, arrived here today for discussions on New Guinea with the Dutch government.

(Half of this island in the Indonesian Archipelago, North of Australia, is Australian territory, the other half at present Dutch—has caused a dispute between the Netherlands and Indonesia.)

Mr. Spender arrived by plane from Bonn. He said he will see the Dutch Prime Minister, Dr. Willem Drees, the Foreign Minister, Mr. J. H. Van Marrewijk, and the Minister of Dutch-Indonesian Union Affairs, Mr. J. H. Van Marrewijk.

For the Australian attitude to New Guinea, he referred to the

RADIO

Radio Hong Kong broadcasts on a frequency of 445 kilocycles per second and on 8.25 megacycles per second in the 31 metre band.

H.K.T. P.M.
12.15—"Morning Progress" (Studio)
12.30—"Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary.

12.45—"Light Varieties"
1.00—"Varieties and Landlord" (Piano Duo)

1.15—"News, Weather Report and Announcements"
1.30—"London Studio Melodies"—The Melodious Orch. (BBC)

2.00—"Close Down"
2.15—"Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary.

2.30—"Charles Williams and His Orch.—Vocal Harry Wood"
2.45—"Organ Solo by Dr. E. Hullock (On the Organ Westminster Abbey)"

3.00—"Cantatas by Radio Given by Miss Lee Wei Lan and S. K. Lee (Studio)"

3.15—"Orch. Selections"
3.30—"North American Commentary" (London Relay)

3.45—"Allison Woods" (Studio)
4.00—"World News and News Analysis" (London Relay)

4.15—"Don 200"—Bert Gillette at the Hammond Organ

4.30—"Ray's A Laugh"—A Variety Programme with Ted Ray, Kitty Blunt and Fred Yule. (BBC)

4.45—"From the Editorials" (London Relay)
5.00—"Weather Report."

5.15—"Forum of the Air"—Members: The Rev. Father T. P. Ryan, B. J. Bill Barry—Alastair Blair-Kerr, Guest: Ernest Liddell, Question Master: Norman Tucker. (Studio)

5.30—"Hong Kong—Dances"—Eddie Gunman and His Hits Ballroom Orch. (Relay)

5.45—"Crested"—A Play by Showell Slyke. (BBC)

6.00—"Gala Concert Players."
6.15—"Radio News Reel" (London Relay).

6.30—"Weather Report."
6.45—"Goodnight Mail"—God Save the King.

6.55—"Close Down."

Reditfusion

A.M.
7.00—"Up With the Sun."
7.15—"Musical Clock."

7.30—"Ed. A. Keller Programme."
7.45—"The Ten Dances Show"

8.00—"News & Weather Forecast."
8.15—"Sole Concert Players."

8.30—"Morning Music."
8.45—"Classics."

9.00—"Morning Melody."
9.15—"From The Shows."

9.30—"Variety Calls The Tune."
9.45—"The Ten Dances Show"

10.00—"Coolness"
10.15—"Vocally Yours."

10.30—"Music Makers."
10.45—"The Vic Damone Show."

11.00—"Children's Corner."
11.15—"The Mindy Carson Show."

11.30—"Radio Headlines."
11.45—"Piano Playhouse."

12.00—"Sammy Kaye and His Orch."
12.15—"The Marie Carson Show."

12.30—"An Act No. 1."
12.45—"Listen to Lullaby."

1.00—"R.D.O. News."
1.15—"Local News."

1.30—"Festival of Waltzes."
1.45—"Free For All."

1.55—"Local News."
2.10—"Local News."

2.25—"Light Music."
2.40—"Varieties."

2.55—"Music and Moonlight."
3.10—"Stardust."

3.25—"Close Down."

Government declaration of June 7.

"I have nothing to add," he said, "before having discussed the problem with the Dutch Government."

He repeated that Australia had serious objections to Indonesian administration over the Western part of New Guinea. But he refused to comment on reports that Australia favoured a common Dutch-Australian administration over the whole of the islands.

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a.s. "CANTON"	2nd Sept. 10 a.m.	3rd October
a.s. "CARPAGE"	18th September	27th October
a.s. "CORFU"	27th October	27th November
a.s. "CANTON"	23rd November	24th December
a.s. "CHUBAN"	9th December	6th January
a.s. "CARPAGE"	23rd December	22nd January
a.s. "CORFU"	10th January	10th February

* Omis Bombay.
* Disembarks passengers at Southampton on 23rd December.
Accepting cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said & London.

FREIGHT SERVICE

OUTWARDS	DUE HONGKONG	FROM
a.s. "CANTON"	In port	London & Continent.
a.s. "CARPAGE"	21st September	
a.s. "CORFU"	21st September	
HOMEWARDS	LEAVES HONGKONG	FOR
a.s. "CANTON"	2nd September	London & Continent.
a.s. "CARPAGE"	23rd September	
a.s. "CORFU"	23rd September	

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* These ships have Refrigerated Cargo space.

P. & O./B.I. JOINT SERVICE

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a.s. "ATLANTIC SEA"	due 4th Sept.	from Penang, Gulf, Karachi, Bombay, Colombo & Straits.
a.s. "KHYBER"	sails 6th Sept.	for Japan.
a.s. "KHYBER"	sails 2nd Sept.	for Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
a.s. "HALIGONIAN QUEEN"	loads 10th Sept.	for Straits, Madras, Pondicherry, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi & Penang Gulf Ports.

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a.s. "NELLORE"	due 6th Oct.	from New Zealand and Australia.
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SINGAPORE, JAVA PORTS and MACASSAR

ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"TASMAN" 4th Sept.	8th Sept.
"VAN HEUTZ" 10th Sept.	10th Sept.
"TITJALENGKA" 18th Sept.	24th Sept.

* only to Singapore, Penang & Batavia.

MANILA, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA & SOUTH AMERICA

ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"BOISSEvain" 10th Sept.	10th Sept.
"STRAAT MALAKKA" 14th Sept.	20th Sept.
"STRAAT SOENDA" 17th Sept.	9th Oct.
"TIBADAK" 17th Sept.	

* not calling South America

JAPAN

ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"BOISSEvain" 9th Sept.	10th Sept.
"STRAAT MALAKKA" 18th Sept.	18th Sept.
"STRAAT SOENDA" 8th Oct.	22nd Sept.
"TIBADAK" 8th Oct.	

Agents: HOLLAND—EAST ASIA LINE

EUROPE via MANILA and MALAYA

ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"MEERKERK" 10th Sept.	10th Sept.
"MEERKERK" 10th Sept.	early Oct.
"RYNKERK" 10th Sept.	early Nov.

Through B/L issued to Mediterranean and Northern European ports.

JAPAN

ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"MEERKERK" 9th Sept.	13th Sept.
"MEERKERK" 10th Sept.	early Oct.
"RYNKERK" 10th Sept.	early Oct.

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NOTICE TO PASSENGERS

SAILS:

Sunday the 3rd September at 8 A.M. for the United Kingdom via Straits, Colombo, Bombay, Aden and Port Said.

BAGGAGE:

ALL passengers baggage must be sent to the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf Co's Godown at No. 2 GATE, CANTON ROAD ENTRANCE BY 5 P.M. on Friday, the 1st September.

SPECIAL NOTE:

With the exception of hand packages carried by passengers themselves ALL BAGGAGE must pass through the Wharf Co's Godown for loading on board by ship's stowage only.

EMBARKATION:

Will take place between 4 p.m. and 6 p.m. on SATURDAY the 2nd September.

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Agents

Hong Kong, August 26, 1950

Hong Kong Stock Exchange

HK Govt. Loans

1st Loan 1934 & 1940 98 1/2

2nd Loan 1948 98 1/2

Banks

HSK & Shanghai Bank 100 1/2

Chartered Bank 20 1/2

Oversea-Chinese Bank 20 1/2

Bank of East Asia 10 1/2

Insurance

Canton Ins. 20 1/2

Union Ins. 20 1/2

China Underwriters 20 1/2

HK Fire Ins. 14 1/2

Shipping

Oversea 100 1/2

HSK & M. S. S. 11 1/2

Indo China (S.S.) 11 1/2

Shell (S.S.) 11 1/2

Union Waterways 11 1/2

Asia Nav. 11 1/2

Dooleys, Wharves, Godowns, etc.

HSK 11 1/2

North Point Wharves 11 1/2

Shanghai Wharves 11 1/2

HSK Docks 11 1/2

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Shanghai Dockyards 11 1/2

Wharves 11 1/2

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Rail, Mines, etc.

HSK 11 1/2

HSK 11 1/2

HSK 11 1/2

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INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION IN U.S. AT PEACETIME PEAK; OUTPUT HIGHER

New York, August 27.

Industrial production rolled at a peacetime peak during the past week but strike threats and Congressional haggling over taxes and controls took the gloss off the record performance.

The first concern of business and industry was the national defence, and manufacturers geared their output increasingly higher to meet these needs.

Raw materials cost industry a little more. Some were harder to obtain, especially in the metals field. There were signs of a grey market in some goods.

The Commerce Department ordered a cut in the use of natural and synthetic rubber for civilian goods.

Retail prices advanced for washing machines, waffle irons and refrigerators bore higher price labels. Paint, brushes were priced higher as the cost of China bristle advanced.

The consumer continued to buy but purchasing was reported a bit under recent high levels.

Some pay raises were passed out. A batch of at least 10 cents an hour was given to 120,000 Chrysler Corporation workers in a totally unexpected move.

Just about everything was forging ahead and speeding its pace in the national economy.

Output Index

The rate at which the economy was moving was reflected in a Federal Reserve estimate of industrial production. The Board expected its August industrial production index would be around 204 per cent of the 1935-39 average.

One of the things that could have knocked out the Board's estimate was a nationwide railroad strike, but any danger of that was cleared away late on Friday.

The threat of a rail strike gave business and industry some bad moments, however, before President Harry Truman ordered the railroads seized and the unions said they would work for the Government.

Most men in business and industry were anxious concerning taxes and controls. They had expected these questions would be settled this week. But Congressional arguments delayed final action on these measures.

Statistics showed all types of production ahead of a year ago. But for the first time in six weeks prices on the New York Stock Exchange declined.

Buyers were sitting on the sidelines awaiting the answers to several uncertainties, such as taxes, controls and the possibility of a rail strike, which still threatened when the market closed on Friday afternoon—Associated Press.

Money Market

US dollars re-opened yesterday after the week-end with little change from last Saturday's rates. Notes opened at HK\$36.25, went up to \$37.75, and closed at \$37.75.

TT opened at HK\$40.40 and closed at \$41.40, these being the lowest and highest rates.

Industrial gold went up in the afternoon, closing at HK\$305.25 a tael, against the opening rate of \$301.25. Lowest rate of the day, shortly after the opening, was \$299.75.

Sterling opened at HK\$15.50 and closed at \$15.45.

Australian pounds were stationary at HK\$12.10.

Plaster continued nominal at HK\$13.10.

Ticals at HK\$27.10 and NEI Guilders at HK\$33.10 and 100 were unchanged from Saturday.

Business Done

HSK Bank 10 at \$12.50, 5 at \$12.50.

Canton Ins. 20 at \$22.50.

Union Ins. 20 at \$22.50.

China Underwriters 20 at \$22.50.

HSK Fire Ins. 14 at \$14.50.

Oversea-Chinese Bank 20 at \$20.50.

Chartered Bank 20 at \$20.50.

Bank of East Asia 10 at \$10.50.

Insurance

Canton Ins. 20 at \$20.50.

Union Ins. 20 at \$20.50.

China Underwriters 20 at \$20.50.

HSK Fire Ins. 14 at \$14.50.

Oversea-Chinese Bank 20 at \$20.50.

Chartered Bank 20 at \$20.50.

Bank of East Asia 10 at \$10.50.

Insurance

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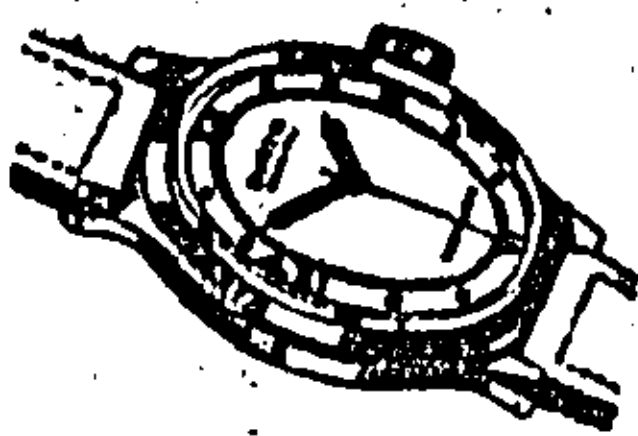
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Canton Ins. 20 at \$20.50.

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CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, TUESDAY, AUGUST 29, 1950.

Refreshing
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European games:

FILIPUT, ITALY, WINS 400-METRE HURDLES; BRITAIN HEADS LIST

Brussels, August 27.

A. Filiput, of Italy, ran a beautiful race to win the men's 400 metres hurdles final in the European Athletic Championships here today in the record time of 51.9 secs.

SALE OF TICKETS FOR BIG SWEEP

Up to 6 p.m. yesterday almost 810,000 tickets were sold by the Hong Kong Jockey Club for the mammoth Kwangtung Handicap Cash Sweep which is to be run on Saturday, October 7.

The winner of the winning ticket is assured of at least HK\$272,000. The ticket sellers said that each day between 3,000 to 4,000 tickets are sold but they expected a rush for the Cash Sweep tickets beginning towards the end of next month until the day of the draw and estimated that more than one million tickets will be sold.

Washbrook to tour Australia

London, August 27. Cyril Washbrook, the Lancashire and England opening batsman, is after all to tour Australia and New Zealand with the MCC cricket team this winter.

This was announced by the MCC. John Warr, Cambridge University and Middlesex fast bowler, has been invited to complete the party. Denis Compton of Middlesex, has been appointed vice-captain.

When Washbrook's name was included among the first 12 chosen last month, he announced that he would be unable to make the trip because of business commitments. Now he has come to an arrangement with the co-directors of the sports firm he has joined in Manchester.

The MCC has given him permission to fly out later so that he can complete his business affairs. He will leave for the tour only after the first two matches, which are normally regarded as practice games.

Warr, who is playing in the present fixture against the West Indies at Lords, is a right-arm fast-medium bowler of considerable promise. He won his Blue and County cap last summer and has developed remarkably in a short while.

He is 23 and has taken 82 wickets so far this summer. He has been elected captain of the University side for the next season.

The appointment of Compton as vice-captain of the touring team strengthens the view already held in many quarters that he is being groomed for the England captaincy. Should he make a success of his new duties he may lead England against South Africa here next summer.

The complete party chosen for the tour is:

F.R. Brown (Northamptonshire) captain,
H.T. Simpson (Nottingham),
T.E. Bailey (Essex),
J.G. Dewes (Middlesex),
A.V. Bedser (Surrey),
D. Bena (Sussex),
W.E. Hollis (Warwickshire),
D.V.P. Wright (Kent),
W.G.A. Parkhouse (Glamorgan),
L. Hutton (Yorkshire),
D.C.S. Compton (Middlesex),
D.B. Close (Yorkshire),
D.S. Sheppard (Cambridge University and Sussex),
A.J. McIntyre (Surrey),
R. Berry (Lancashire),
C. Washbrook (Lancashire),
J.J. Warr (Cambridge University and Middlesex)—Reuter.

U.S. BOXER KO'S GERMAN

Bonn, August 27.

Al Hoosman, American Negro heavyweight boxer, knocked out German Norbert Saponch, German, in the third round of a scheduled eight round bout.

Also winning his fight in the middleweight bracket was Burt Charley of New York. His German opponent, Robert Luma, gave up with a broken hand in the fourth round of a scheduled eight round bout.

Referee of the show was ex-world champion Max Schmeling, who was applauded by about 10,000 spectators.

This time beat the record which he set up yesterday in the semi-finals by one-tenth of a second.

Hurdling gracefully, Filiput won the race comfortably and was never worried. There was a good race for second place between Italy, of Russia and White, of Britain. The Russian just had the lead of the last hurdle and, running on strongly, took second place.

There were about 25,000 spectators at the Stadium to watch the concluding stages of the Championships, which consisted of 11 finals.

The weather was warm with a nice breeze and a shirt-sleeved crowd basked in the hot sunshine.

Mrs. Fanny Blankers-Koen, of Holland, won the women's 200 metres, gaining her third medal and repeat her Olympic performance in London in 1948.

There was little in the race until they came to the final bend but the wonderful Dutch athlete was always in the van. Challenging her were the Russians and the English entrant, Miss Hall, who seemed to be going the best of the challengers as they came down the straight.

The Soviet Champion, Selchenova, the holder of the title, came with a terrific burst, close home, however, to take second place with Miss Hall gaining third place from another Russian girl, Malashina.

Smooth running

Shenton did not allow the fact that he was drawn in the outside lane to disturb him in the men's 200 metres final. He decided to make every step a winning step and running extremely smoothly and with great power he secured a comfortable triumph to give Britain her second medal.

Working on a basis of six points for a first, five for a second down to one for a sixth placing, the Soviet team scored 112 points, against 108 by Britain and 107 by France.

The four figures after the name of each country in the list indicate in order the number of gold, silver and bronze medals and the total.

Country Gold Silver Bronze Total
Britain 8 3 6 17
USSR 6 5 6 17
France 4 8 3 15
Holland 4 3 1 8
Italy 3 5 1 9
Czechoslovakia 3 0 3 6
Sweden 2 1 0 3
Finland 1 4 7 12
Norway 1 0 0 1
Switzerland 1 0 0 1
Austria 0 1 0 1
Yugoslavia 0 1 0 1
Turkey 0 0 1 1
Belgium 0 0 1 1

Poland, Greece, Spain, Rumania, Denmark, Luxembourg and Portugal all failed to gain a medal. The final placings were (unofficial based on the following scale: first—6 points; second—5 points; third—4 points; fourth—3 points; fifth—2 points; sixth—1 point):

Soviet Russia 112 points
France 108 points
USSR 107 points
Sweden 76 points
Italy 68 points
Finland 52 points
Holland 47 points
Czechoslovakia 38 points
Ireland 28 points
Norway 20 points
Switzerland 10 points
Yugoslavia 13 points
Belgium 7 points
Poland and Austria—five points each.

Turkey and Denmark—four points each.
Luxembourg—three points.
Portugal—two points.
Greece, Spain and Rumania—nil points.—Reuter.

Hot pace

There were 16 starters for the 3,000 metres steeplechase. The little Yugoslav, P. Segedin, who won the British title in July, set a hot pace and at the halfway stage led from Seoder, here, of Sweden, the pair being well ahead of the field.

The Stokken of Norway was shaken off the Swede with two laps to go at which point the Norwegian had moved into third place.

With a lap to go, the Czech, Roudny, came on the scene. The Yugoslav led at the belt from Roudny, Blomster, of Finland, and Stokken. Two hundred metres from home the Czech challenged with a terrific burst and won comfortably from the thing Seoder, Blomster and Stokken.

There was a desperate finish in the women's 400 metres relay. The British team on the outside were always disputing the lead with the Russians in the next lane.

As they came to the last lap Britain was a couple of yards ahead of the Russians and Miss Foulds went off a great speed and managed to hold the Russian Champion, Blomster, out.

Then Mrs. Blankers-Koen came on the scene. Brilliant as she did not seem to have a hope of pegging back the leaders, but gradually as they neared the tape she reached them and the three crack sprinters from Holland, Russia and Britain appeared to break the tape together.

A photograph showed that Mrs. Blankers-Koen's great effort had just failed with Britain the winner by inches.

Both teams returned 47.4 secs.

Desperate finish

The men's four by 100 metres relay produced another desperate finish with the Russian and French teams breaking the tape almost simultaneously. This was the last event of the Championships. It is a final should have been run earlier but it will be recalled that there was a dispute over the first semi-final, in which Britain, the Soviet Union and Belgium were concerned.

In the throwing the javelin, the Olympic Champion, T. Rautavaara, of Finland, could only finish fifth with 66.20 metres. Finland, however, gained the title with a winning throw of 71.26 metres by Hyattirinen.

Standings

Britain, by winning eight European Athletics titles, gained more gold medals than any of the other 22 nations competing in the Championships here.

The Soviet Union were next best with six, but the Russians narrowly topped an unofficial points tally based on the first six placings in all the finals.

Working on a basis of six points for a first, five for a second down to one for a sixth placing, the Soviet team scored 112 points, against 108 by Britain and 107 by France.

The four figures after the name of each country in the list indicate in order the number of gold, silver and bronze medals and the total.

Country Gold Silver Bronze Total
Britain 8 3 6 17
USSR 6 5 6 17
France 4 8 3 15
Holland 4 3 1 8
Italy 3 5 1 9
Czechoslovakia 3 0 3 6
Sweden 2 1 0 3
Finland 1 4 7 12
Norway 1 0 0 1
Switzerland 1 0 0 1
Austria 0 1 0 1
Yugoslavia 0 1 0 1
Turkey 0 0 1 1
Belgium 0 0 1 1

Poland, Greece, Spain, Rumania, Denmark, Luxembourg and Portugal all failed to gain a medal. The final placings were (unofficial based on the following scale: first—6 points; second—5 points; third—4 points; fourth—3 points; fifth—2 points; sixth—1 point):

Soviet Russia 112 points
France 108 points
USSR 107 points
Sweden 76 points
Italy 68 points
Finland 52 points
Holland 47 points
Czechoslovakia 38 points
Ireland 28 points
Norway 20 points
Switzerland 10 points
Yugoslavia 13 points
Belgium 7 points
Poland and Austria—five points each.

Turkey and Denmark—four points each.
Luxembourg—three points.
Portugal—two points.
Greece, Spain and Rumania—nil points.—Reuter.

BASKETBALL POSTPONED

Due to rainfall last night's basketball match, which was to be played between the Shanghai and Gifu teams and the South China Club, was postponed to this evening.

GOLF NEWS

The winner of the Singapore Competition, played at Faling during the week-end, was Mr. A. D. O'Leary (14) with a total of 58 points.

The competition for next week-end will be the qualifying round for the Captain's Cup.

BEWILDERED!



Goalkeeper McIntosh of Sheffield Wednesday wears a bewildered expression as yet another Roy Bentley shot whistles towards him from the Chelsea end. Chelsea, which had already scored three goals, eventually won 4-0.—(AP Photo).

Tigers split with A's; Phillies win

New York, August 27.

Detroit retained its slim lead in the American League race, splitting a doubleheader with the Philadelphia Athletics today.

The Tigers lost the opener 3-4 when centrefielder Sam Chapman homered in the eighth with one man on base.

In the nightcap, Art Houtteman recorded his seventh triumph from Detroit 8-1.

The Cleveland Indians blew a 7-0 lead and were beaten by the Boston Red Sox 11-0, who were fanned to be counted out of the pennant race.

Clyde Vollmer's pinch hit grand slam home run climaxed a six run seventh inning when three consecutive Cleveland errors filled the bases with two out.

Pinch-hitter Tommy Henrich belted a long single to right field with the bases loaded and one out in the 10th inning to give the New York Yankees a 2-1 victory over the Chicago White Sox.

The second place Yankees cut Detroit's lead to one game.

The Washington Senators split a doubleheader with the St. Louis Browns.

The Senators won the first game 8-0 behind Joe Haynes' five hit pitching, but the Browns bounced back to take the 10-inning slugfest of the second contest 11-10.

Roy Coleman's triple with two on in the 10th scored Roy Sievers from first base to give the Browns the winning run in the last contest.

Phillies win

The Philadelphia Phillies increased their League lead over Brooklyn in the National League by five full games as they defeated the Chicago Cubs 6-1 in the first game of a doubleheader before the second game ended in a 4-4 tie, when it was called on account of darkness.

The St. Louis Cardinals feasted on Brooklyn Dodger pitcher with an attack that included four home runs, a triple and three doubles. Two of the homers were from outfielder Stan Musial's bat.

The Boston Braves took both ends of a twin bill from the collar dwelling Pittsburgh Pirates.

They won the opener 7-8 with a four run blast in the 13th. They got four homers, including left fielder Ralph Kiner's 40th of the season.

The Braves collected two homers in the second contest, which they took 4-1.

The Cincinnati Reds and New York Giants split their doubleheader.

The Giants downed the Reds 11-4 under a 17-hit deluge in the opener. Right fielder Don Mueller and third baseman Hank Thompson led the attack, each driving in three runs.

Howie Fox pitched a neat four hitter to give the Reds the second contest 2-1 and snap their 10 game losing streak.

Scores—

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Detroit (1st game) 3 7 0
Philadelphia 4 6 0
Winning pitcher Bob Hooper, loser Ray Herbert.

Detroit (2nd game) 8 9 1
Philadelphia 1 9 3
Winning pitcher Art Houtteman, loser Lou Brissie.

Cleveland 9 12 3
Boston 11 11 0
Winning pitcher Chuck Stobbs, loser Al Benton.

Chicago 2 2 0
New York 1 7 1
Winning pitcher Alie Reynolds, loser Bob Cain.

St. Louis (1st game) 0 5 3
Washington 8 12 0
Winning pitcher Joe Haynes, loser Al Widmar.

St. Louis (2nd game) 11 15 2
Washington 10 18 2
Winning pitcher Dick Starr, loser Mickey Harris.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Philadelphia 6 15 0
Chicago 4 4 1
Winning pitcher Eubank Church.

Brooklyn 3 8 1
St. Louis 13 14 0
Winning pitcher Lloyd Boyer, loser Carl Erskine.

Boston (1st game) 7 14 2
Pittsburgh 3 6 2
Winning pitcher Max Surkent, loser Bill Werle.

Boston (2nd game) 4 7 1
Pittsburgh 1 9 0
Winning pitcher Norman Roy, loser Mel Queen.

New York (1st game) 11 17 2
Cincinnati 6 17 2
Winning pitcher Monte Kennedy, loser Herman Wehmeier.

New York (2nd game) 4 4 1
Cincinnati 3 6 0
Winning pitcher Howie Fox, loser Sheldon Jones.—Associated Press.

The following are the standings in the major leagues:

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Team	W	L	Pct.
Detroit	70	43	.619
New York	70	45	.609
Cleveland	70	47	.600
Boston	74	49	.600
Washington	52	67	.437
Chicago	49	74	.398
Philadelphia	42	81	.341
St. Louis	40	79	.338

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Team	W	L	Pct.
Philadelphia	70	40	.636
Brooklyn	67	43	.609
Boston	60	53	.529
St. Louis	64	55	.539
New York	62	58	.518
Chicago	52	68	.433
Cincinnati	49	71	.408
Pittsburgh	42	79	.347

Davis Cup:

Australia win trophy by 4-1; Brown beats McGregor

Forest Hills, August 27.

Tom Brown won the final match of the 1950 Davis Cup challenge round, defeating Australia's Ken McGregor, 9-11, 8-10, 11-9, 6-1, 6-4.

Brown's comeback victory saved the United States from utter defeat in its losing attempt to defend the Davis Cup. Australia won the series by four matches to one, taking three singles and the doubles contest.

After Frank Sedgman routed Ted Schroeder in the day's first match and McGregor started brilliantly against Brown, 18 looked to 8,000 spectators as if the United States would take the worst beating in the 31-year history of the Davis Cup.

But the 27-year-old Brown, Wimbledon finalist in 1947, came roaring back to take the only United States victory. McGregor, who had shown championship form in trouncing Schroeder in straight sets on the opening day, fired 10 aces in the opening set. He rumpled through Brown's service in the 10th game then held his service to win 11-9. In the second set he outplayed the Californian and Brown appeared to be through as he double-faulted away his service in the 17th game to lose the set 10-8.

Then Brown started a comeback. Suddenly he found the touch of a concert pianist as he fired shots which caught the Australian flat-footed in the back court. McGregor broke Brown's first service in the third set and was all set to romp home in straight sets. But Brown battled back gamely, drawing even in the sixth game, then shook the Australian's composure with forcing tactics which carried him to winning a break-through and a 11-9 victory.

Service crumbles

McGregor was through then, his unruly backhand dislodging and cannonball service crumbling. Brown attacked like a hungry cougar, slamming through the hander's Australian line delivery in the fourth and sixth games for an easy 6-1 win. Yet he tried gamely to come back by rallying to break Brown's service in the sixth game of the final set.

It was a vain attempt, however, as Brown broke right back with a smashing backhand, held his own service after being down 20-40, then roared back through McGregor's service by storming the net to finish off the Australian, 6-4.

Earlier in the day Frank Sedgman scored a straight set victory over Ted Schroeder, 6-2, 6-2, which gave the Australians a 4-0 lead.

The 22-year-old Sedgman toyed with veteran Schroeder as he blatted the 1942 national champion in straight sets.

In the three sets it took him to subdue the American Davis Cup ace, Sedgman lost service but once while breaking through Schroeder three straight times in the opening set in the third, fifth and seventh games, losing his delivery for the only time in the match in the sixth game.

Sizzling drives

Handling Schroeder's sizzling drives with little flourish, Sedgman had 11 first-set placements.

Sports in brief

Singapore, August 28. The Hong Kong table tennis tourists—Winston Tiger Sporting Association—gained an easy victory over the Tiger Sporting Association, of Singapore, winning by five games to nil in their second match here last night.

The tourist of Great North Malaysia tonight.

Alexandria, August 27. The Egyptian government today awarded £5,000 each to Hassan Abdel Rehim, winner of the recent Daily Mail cross Channel swim, and Marek Hamad, who was third.

The money will allow each swimmer to build a house. A Cabinet announcement said.—Associated Press.

Brussels, August 27. The International Amateur Athletic Federation's 22nd Congress today decided to recognise Harrison Dillard of the United States as world record holder (for the 200 metres hurdle) and the Zlatko Guterwald (for the 10,000 metres).—Associated Press.

WEST INDIES vs. MIDDLESEX

London, August 28. Middlesex were all out for 811 in their first innings just before lunch at Lords today, and by the interval West Indies had made 100 for no wickets in reply.—Reuter.

Reuter.

Reuter.

Cup may stay in Australia for five years

Sydney, August 27.

The next Davis Cup challenge round will probably be held in Sydney in December next year, it was announced tonight by Mr. Bryan Fuller, President of the New South Wales Lawn Tennis Association.

Mr. Fuller said Australia should not be optimistic over her chances of retaining the Cup as the Americans have several promising youngsters.

But former Australian Davis Cup star Jack Crawford said that the young Americans, good as they are, are not as good as Sedgman or McGregor. He said that Australia's chances of retaining the Cup for the next five years are extremely good.—Associated Press.

Malayan Chinese beat HK side

Singapore, August 28.

The Malayan Chinese, two goals down within 11 minutes, stormed their way with great courage and determination to a 5-2 victory over Hong Kong Chinese in their annual inter-club football fixture at Singapore's Jalan Besar stadium yesterday.

The game was packed with thrills, working up to a terrific climax when the Malaysians got their winning goal 20 seconds from time.

Early in the first half, the Malayan goalkeeper had saved two scorching drives from point-blank range.

Both Hong Kong's goals were scored by dashing 20-year-old Ko Po Keung, the skipper and centre forward.—Reuter.

A Challenge match between the First Division and Second Division Lawn Bowls teams of the Hong Kong Football Club will be played tomorrow on the Hong Kong Football Club greens beginning at 4.30.

Links will be chosen at the ground.

SPORTS GOSSIP

With the Lawn Bowls season fast approaching its end, the race for the three divisions of the Lawn Bowls League has reached a very interesting stage.

In the First Division, Indian Recreation Club, who had taken a very commanding league early in the season, have faltered very badly during the last five days. On Thursday they lost to Club de Recreo "White" by four points to one and on Saturday they went down five points to nil against Kowloon Dock at Hunghom.

Club de Recreo "Blue," who have been trailing behind the Indians for quite a long time, have now taken the lead and, judging by their recent form, are in the final some time this week.

Plans have been drawn up for the construction of a "true pitch" composition practice wicket for members of the Indian Recreation Club at Sookunpo. The new wicket will be ready for use sometime in September and should prove to be of invaluable assistance to members of the Club who play cricket.

A.A. "Arthur" Rumlajn, the veteran inter-club cricketer, will once again be coaching the younger cricketers of the Indian Recreation Club. His coach with his coaching, some of the more promising younger cricketers will surely improve in their game and aid the club considerably in League matches.

The second round of the Liberator Shield Lawn Bowls series will be played tomorrow, Liberation Day, at the Kowloon Cricket Club between the Kowloon Bowling Green Club and Kowloon Cricket Club. The last time these two teams met at the Kowloon Cricket Club was in 1948 when the Kowloon Bowling Green Club won by 24 runs. However, tomorrow's match will be played at Con's Road, where the home team should win.

In the replay for the Club de Recreo "Blue" Memorial Cup, the rink skippered by veteran R. F. de Luz with H. M. V. Ribeiro, S. E. Souza, and L. A. Rosario beat a rink skippered by his brother J. A. de Luz with T. Nooit, G. O. Gutierrez and J. H. J. Basto, by 29 shots to 14.

H. J. Brown has reached the final of the Police Recreation Club Lawn Bowls Singles Championship. Brown has been playing very consistently bowls (his record and thoroughly deserved).